

BABEŞ BOLYAI UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF EUROPEAN STUDIES

DOCTORAL SCHOOL OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AND EUROPEAN
STUDIES

PhD THESIS

Summary

Scientific Coordinator:

Prof. univ. dr. abil. Melania-Gabriela Ciot

Phd Candidate:

Liviu-Vasile řerban

Cluj-Napoca

2025

BABEŞ BOLYAI UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF EUROPEAN STUDIES

DOCTORAL SCHOOL OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AND EUROPEAN
STUDIES

Transposition and implementation of the Acquis in Romania:
Integration through External relations, Security and Defence
Policy

Scientific Coordinator:

Prof. univ. dr. abil. Melania-Gabriela Ciot

Phd Candidate:

Liviu-Vasile Ţerban

Cluj-Napoca

2025

TABLE OF CONTENTS OF THE THESIS

INTRODUCTION	1
CHAPTER I. ROMANIA'S ACCESSION TO THE EUROPEAN UNION	15
1.1. The Acquis Communautaire: Concept, Origins, and Dimensions	16
1.2. The Obligation to Adopt the Acquis Communautaire	23
1.2.1. Accession Criteria: The Copenhagen Criteria	24
1.3. Concepts Regarding the Legal Acts of the European Union	28
1.4. The Legislative Harmonization Process	34
1.4.1. Implementation of the Acquis in Romania	37
1.4.2. Legislative Transposition into the Domestic Legal Framework	39
CHAPTER II. THE EUROPEAN UNION'S ENLARGEMENT POLICY	44
2.1. A Brief History of European Integration	44
2.2. European Union Enlargement: From 6 to 27 Members	51
2.2.1. The First Enlargement Wave	58
2.2.2. The Second Enlargement Wave	61
2.2.3. The Third Enlargement Wave	64
2.2.4. The Fourth Enlargement Wave	66
2.2.5. The Fifth Enlargement Wave	68
2.2.6. The Sixth Enlargement Wave	74
2.3. Enlargement Policy Post-2013	78
2.4. Guidelines on the European Union's Enlargement Policy	83
2.5. Perspectives on the Enlargement Process	88
2.6. Conclusions	95
CHAPTER III. ACCESSION NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE EUROPEAN UNION ...	96
3.1. Introductory Concepts	96
3.2. Characteristics of European Negotiations	100
3.3. Elements of Negotiation with Candidate States	102
3.4. The Particular Nature of Negotiations with Each Candidate State	110
3.5. Conclusions	114

CHAPTER IV. ROMANIA'S ACCESSION NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE EUROPEAN UNION ... 115

4.1. The Road to the European Union	116
4.1.1. Romania's Post-December 1989 Historical Context	116
4.1.2. The Europeanization Process of Romania	118
4.2. From the Association Agreement to the Signing of the Accession Treaty	123
4.3. Dimensions of Accession Negotiations	132
4.3.1. Accession Negotiations and Their Dimensions	132
4.3.2. Preparation and Initiation of Accession Negotiations	135
4.3.3. Procedural Aspects of Accession Negotiations	136
4.4. Accession Negotiations	140
4.4.1. The Pre-Negotiation Period	140
4.4.2. Evolution of Accession Negotiations (2000-2004)	142
4.4.3. Post-Negotiation Phase	154
4.4.4. Post-Accession Phase	156
4.5. Conclusions and Analysis	158

CHAPTER V. TRANSPOSITION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ACQUIS IN THE POLICY FIELD OF EXTERNAL RELATIONS AND FOREIGN, SECURITY, AND DEFENSE POLICY 160

5.1. Research Design and Methodology	161
5.2. The Semi-Structured Interview	163
5.2.1. Sample	164
5.2.2. Structure and Content of the Interview	165
5.3. Data Processing	168
5.4. Case Study – Transposition and Implementation of the Acquis in the Chapters on External Relations and Foreign, Security, and Defense Policy	169
5.4.1. Chapter 30: External Relations	173
5.4.2. Foreign, Security, and Defense Policy	196
5.5. Data Processing from the Interview Method	228
5.6. Conclusions	236

CHAPTER VI. FINAL CONCLUSIONS AND PROPOSALS FOR FUTURE RESEARCH 238

Future Research Directions	244
---	------------

BIBLIOGRAPHY	246
---------------------------	------------

INTRODUCTION

This summary aims to synthesize, in a few clear directions, the doctoral thesis titled “Transposition and Application of the Acquis in Romania: Integration through External Relations, Security, and Defense Policy.” The research aimed to analyze the process of transposing and applying the EU acquis in Romania, with a focus on integration through external relations, security, and defense policy (part of cluster 6, according to the new guidelines regarding accession negotiations), both during the accession period and after Romania became a member state of the European Union. The study explores the legislative, institutional, and political aspects that have influenced the process of alignment with European standards, highlighting the challenges and, at the same time, the opportunities of this process. It seeks to answer highly relevant research questions in the field of International Relations and European Studies.

Romania joined the European Union 18 years ago, on January 1, 2007, following an extremely complex and intricate internal process. Given the post-December 1989 realities in Romania, accession marked a crucial moment in the entire history of our country, and the decision was, in fact, the historic response to return to where we were destined from the beginning: to Western civilization; Romanians being a “people geographically placed by fate at the intersection of the West and East,”¹ and as a nation, a “product of both the West and the Eastern Europe,”² not allowed “to forget that from the West we received our being, our name, and our language...”³. This decision transcends the political and geostrategic character, being the collective desire of citizens to be part of this large community.

From a procedural perspective, the path was extremely dynamic for Romania. Strictly referring to the Romanian space, the accession process involved various political actors, institutions, organizations, the business environment, and civil society. The pro-EU perspectives of Romanian citizens represented a catalyst for those in charge of this process, as public opinion is extremely important when such complex national political projects are in the perspective. These

¹ Ioan-Aurel Pop, *Vocația occidentală a românilor*, în Jurnalul Istoriei și Geografiei PLURAL, Vol. III, nr. 2, Chișinău, 2015, p. 192, disponibil la: <https://plural.upsc.md/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/16-Ioan-Aurel-Pop.pdf>, accesat la data de 1 octombrie 2023.

² *Ibidem*, p. 201.

³ *Ibidem*.

citizens' perspectives have not faded to this day, as evidenced by polling institutes, which report a higher-than-average trust among citizens regarding the future of the Union.⁴

The changes and reforms initiated by the Romanian side, in terms of aligning with European standards, were numerous and involved reforms in all areas: political, administrative, and judicial. Beneath the clearly visible surface of these efforts, there is also the less visible part – the complicated internal challenges and substantial reforms that shaped the entire process so that, in the end, Romania could successfully join. Without going into details, as negotiations have been addressed in a separate chapter, the period from 1993 to 2007 (from the Association Agreement to accession) was characterized by a concerted effort from actors aiming to obtain the status of a candidate state in the first stage, and then the status of a member state.

In any case, 2004 represented a moment of enthusiasm for the ten states that joined and a good one for Europe (especially Eastern Europe). Thus, for these states and, three years later, for Romania and Bulgaria, their destinies were to change. In 2007, in a speech before the European legislature, the former President of Romania⁵ acknowledged that, in addition to the ability to be solidaristic with the EU, integration would have to also mean, among many other things, the capacity for economic development, creating effective institutions, and building a credible justice system. This speech shows, in fact and in law, the complexity of the European integration process, which begins with accession.

Romania reaffirmed its belonging to the European family through its integration into the European Union, a complex process that involved harmonizing national legislation with the EU acquis. This thesis analyzes the transposition and application of the EU acquis in two essential fields: External Relations and Foreign, Security, and Defense Policy, both part of cluster 6 entitled "External Relations," highlighting how the Romanian state implemented the EU norms and requirements in these areas and aligned its positions with the EU, particularly after the moment of accession.

Next, the summary will present the general structure of the work, the motivation behind choosing the topic, the methodology used, the main research questions, the contributions to the field of international relations and European studies, as well as a brief synthesis of the conclusions

⁴ Comisia Europeană, Eurobarometru Standard 100, octombrie 2023-noiembrie 2023, publicat în decembrie 2023, disponibil la: <https://europa.eu/eurobarometer/surveys/detail/3053>, accesat la data de 16 decembrie 2023.

of the thesis. Additionally, future research directions will be suggested for a deeper understanding of the research topic. In the end, the complete bibliography will be presented (general papers, special papers, articles and specialized studies, and documents).

MOTIVATION FOR CHOOSING THE THESIS SUBJECT

Integration within the Union involves several measures and reforms that need to be implemented constantly at the national level by member states. These measures and reforms penetrate all areas of policy and all spheres of social life, as much of the national policies must be aligned with those of the European Union. Thus, the measures and reforms must be implemented by states (at all levels and in all sectors) to prevent the emergence of disparities that could compromise the optimal functioning of institutions or policies, and to ensure full compliance with the EU's common standards and values.

To provide more credibility and predictability to the accession process, the European Commission submitted, in 2020, a Communication to the relevant structures (the European Parliament, the Council of the European Union, the Economic and Social Council, the Committee of the Regions) regarding the strengthening of the accession process.⁶ The new approach to the Enlargement Policy introduced changes to the structure of the accession negotiations, without affecting the actual process. The change was introduced with the Revised Enlargement Methodology of 2020, which established a new way of organizing the accession negotiations. Unlike the previous model, including in Romania's case, where chapters were negotiated individually and provisionally closed, the new mechanism proposes a system based on thematic clusters. These clusters group the 33 (or 35) negotiation chapters into coherent groups, ensuring a more integrated approach and greater coherence in the implementation of the reforms necessary for accession. This procedural change – in the perspective of the enlargement process – considered both the current process of accession negotiations and, on the other hand, the much more complex and dynamic internal and external environment of the Union.⁷

⁶ Comisia Europeană, Comunicare către Parlamentul European, Consiliu, Comitetul Economic și Social și Comitetul Regiunilor, „Consolidarea procesului de aderare – O perspectivă credibilă de aderare la UE pentru Balcanii de Vest, COM (2020) 57, Bruxelles, 5 februarie 2020.

⁷ Dragan Tilev, Zoran Nechev, Vladimir Međak, *The European Union New Methodology and its long-term impact on accession negotiations*, mai 2021, disponibil la https://humanityinaction.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/A5_The-

The choice of the research topic on Transposition and Application of the Acquis in Romania, focused on the integration dimension in the fields of External Relations – Chapter 30 – and the Common Security and Defence Policy – Chapter 31 – (grouped in Cluster 6, called "External Relations"), is motivated by several highly relevant elements.

First, given the Union's historical attempts to shape a unified foreign policy – by developing tools that allow it to act internationally through a single voice – the motivation for researching these two chapters, part of external relations, is based on the role they play in ensuring the strategic alignment of states with the objectives and interests of the EU and their integration into it.

Further, in the context of the accession process, the aspects related to aligning states with the values and interests of the Union are carefully observed and evaluated – and thus, this cluster of External Relations has been placed at the center of academic debates regarding gradual integration and enlargement.⁸ Therefore, these two chapters should be, as in the case of those composing the first cluster related to fundamental elements, essential and treated with priority within the process – as they also uphold Union values, such as unity.⁹ Another argument would be the difficult-to-achieve consensus¹⁰ and the difficulties leaders face in acting in mutual interest at the community level, in matters related to foreign policy, security, and defense, as many of the disputed aspects are closely tied to national sovereignty. The enlargement process of the Union is not merely an administrative stage but also a strategic decision, with impact on regional stability and European security. In a tense geopolitical context, marked by conflicts at the borders of the Union, the enlargement policy becomes an essential tool for strengthening the EU and creating a sustainable framework for cooperation. Due to the complexity of the accession process, a change in the methodology used in negotiations was necessary – through the regrouping of chapters into clusters. This method would allow for more efficient integration of reforms by grouping interconnected areas to facilitate simultaneous alignment with European standards. With this approach, the European Union not only simplifies negotiations but also ensures a more coherent and adapted path to the complex realities of each candidate state.

European-Union-New-Methodology-and-its-long-term-impact-on-accession-negotiations.pdf, accesat la data de 08.05.2024.

⁸ Jana Juzova, *Gradual integration process: towards restoring effectiveness and credibility of EU enlargement*, Analysis in EUROPEUM Institute for European Policy, 2023, p. 11, disponibil la: <https://europeum.org/data/articles/gradual-integration-process-towards-restoring-effectiveness-and-credibility-of-eu-enlargement-1.pdf>, accesat la data de 4 ianuarie 2024.

⁹ *Ibidem*.

¹⁰ *Ibidem*.

Third, in addition to the "technical exercise" of the process of transposing and applying EU legislation, there is also a "strategic exercise" – challenges regarding transposition and application procedures may be related to legal or institutional complexities, but in the case of these policies, there is also a layer closely tied to the dynamics of international relations. Given that the EU must function as a unified and homogeneous entity on the international stage, the study becomes essential because the policy areas under academic investigation involve processes for adopting or implementing measures that ultimately ensure coherence in the EU's foreign policy. In the 2023 Communication on Enlargement¹¹, the Commission itself emphasized that EU membership is a strategic choice, and with the new complex geopolitical context in mind, alignment with the CFSP (Common Foreign and Security Policy) represents "a more important signal than ever of the common values and strategic orientation."¹² Moreover, the Union's values must be supported by partners, "firmly and unequivocally."¹³

The two policy areas in Cluster 6 generally consist of binding legislation. During the accession period, from the position of a candidate state, Romania made significant legislative efforts to ensure that national legislation would be compatible with that of the supranational level by the time of accession. From this position, the state had to adopt new laws, modify existing ones to align with EU norms, or repeal national provisions that contradicted EU law. After accession, the process becomes, in a sense, one of continuous compliance. For example, within the Common Foreign, Security, and Defense Policy, transposition ensures that national policies align with those at the supranational level, precisely to maintain a unified approach and avoid unilateral approaches that could jeopardize or undermine joint efforts in the field. For Romania, the transposition and effective application of the acquis in this area signify a contribution to joint efforts regarding international economic relations and the security of the Union.

Furthermore, these two policy areas require specific commitments from Romania as a member state. The effective implementation of the acquis in these two policy areas ensures that Romania contributes efficiently to strategic objectives – through elements closely linked to trade policy, development cooperation and humanitarian assistance, stability, defense, and security. In fact, the Union emphasized the need for candidate states (and not only) to align with the foreign,

¹¹ Comisia Europeană, Comunicarea din 2023 privind politica de extindere a UE către Parlamentul European, Consiliu, Comitetul Economic și Social European și Comitetul Regiunilor, COM (2023) 690, Bruxelles, 2023.

¹² *Ibidem*.

¹³ *Ibidem*.

security, and defense policy in the spirit of mutual loyalty and solidarity.¹⁴ Alignment is viewed as a commitment to the values of the EU and to the coherence of its external policy¹⁵, especially as the EU itself seeks to strengthen its geopolitical influence, given the context of the ongoing conflict at its borders.¹⁶ Therefore, alignment with foreign and security policies is increasingly important – both for candidate states (especially) and for member states. The EU's involvement in the security and stability of the continent requires member states, including Romania, not only to adopt but also to actively promote these policy areas and support them – key aspects in navigating regional conflicts or geopolitical rivalries, with a unified EU position on the external stage.¹⁷

In the process of establishing and grounding Romania's choice as a case study, considerations such as the following were taken into account: relevance in the enlargement process; specificities of the country; and diversity in the context of the EU. Thus, regarding the relevance in the enlargement process, the fact that Romania was among the last countries admitted to the EU presents an advantage for understanding this process, and Romania's experience can serve as a benchmark for candidate states. Another aspect is the country's specificities. The challenges faced by Romania can serve as a case study in understanding and addressing potential obstacles more easily. When referring to the *acquis*, one must also consider, among other things, its evolving nature, meaning its adaptability over time. The deeper we delve into the specifics of this *acquis*, the more we will identify different layers and levels of complexity.¹⁸ These are further compounded by internal factors specific to each country. These considerations also lead to the need for a thorough analysis of this process. Another noteworthy aspect is the diversity within the context of the EU. Romania, like any other member state, has its own characteristics (social, cultural, political), highlighting the deep need to understand the contexts. Understanding is crucial because the process of transposition and application is closely linked to the integration process, which began after Romania's accession.

¹⁴ Barbara Lippert, *EU Enlargement: Geopolitics Meets Integration Policy*, in Stiftung Wiessenschaft und Politik Comment, no. 1, 2024, p. 4, disponibil la: <https://www.swp-berlin.org/10.18449/2024C01/>, accesat la data de 2 martie 2024.

¹⁵ *Ibidem*.

¹⁶ *Ibidem*.

¹⁷ *Ibidem*, pp. 4-5.

¹⁸ Euractiv, „La *acquis*, Romania bate la puncte statele membre UE”, articol disponibil la <https://www.euractiv.ro/economic/la-acquis-romania-bate-la-puncte-statele-membre-ue-60045>, accesat la data de 10 aprilie 2024.

Further, exploring how Romania respects its commitments as a member state is intertwined with the “pulse” of contemporary legal, political, and social developments in a very complex manner. Currently, the EU has accelerated its development engines in several key policies, urging member states to act promptly and swiftly, in order not to jeopardize unity in external relations. Recent developments, successive crises, are factors that naturally require Romania to adapt accordingly to the realities and approach the “core” of the Union, demonstrating that it is a credible member state capable of ensuring promptness in European affairs and stability in the region.

Since the Union itself has changed considerably, the study will not only be a theoretical exercise, but a reflection of the difficulties Romania faces in the integration process, which began after its accession in 2007. The main goal of this research will focus on examining how Romania has adapted to the two policy areas – External Relations and the Common Foreign, Security, and Defense Policy, both during the accession period and afterward (2007-2024).

STRUCTURE OF THE DOCTORAL THESIS BY CHAPTERS

In the first chapter, several dimensions closely related to the subject matter were addressed to lay the foundation of the thesis. Topics discussed include Romania's accession to the European Union, the concept of the *acquis communautaire*, the accession criteria established in Copenhagen, and the process of legislative harmonization. The European normative framework is analyzed, with a focus on the differences between directives, regulations, and decisions, as well as how they were integrated into national legislation. An essential aspect is the analysis of the stages of transposing European legislation into the Romanian legal framework and the difficulties encountered in this process.

Chapter II addresses the European Union's enlargement policy, analyzing its historical evolution from its inception to the post-2013 enlargement (through the six waves of expansion). These rounds of enlargement are described, each bringing specific challenges and influencing the internal dynamics of the Union. The effects of enlargement on member states and the relations between the EU, on the one hand, and the new members, on the other hand, are also examined. The enlargement policy is placed in the context of geopolitical and economic changes, with an emphasis on the EU's strategies regarding the new members and the future directions of the enlargement process.

In Chapter III, entitled *Accession Negotiations to the European Union*, certain aspects of the accession negotiations in a general sense are addressed, considering the specificities of these negotiations, their characteristics, and the relevant elements at this stage, before accession, with the candidate states (explanatory and bilateral sessions). The fundamental principles of the negotiations are analyzed, as well as the mechanisms through which the EU evaluates the progress made by the candidate countries. Furthermore, the strategies adopted by various countries to meet the accession requirements and the geopolitical influences that shaped the negotiation process are examined. Moreover, the specific nature of the negotiations and the compromises made by the parties during the process are clearly discussed.

Chapter IV, entitled *Romania's Accession Negotiations to the European Union*, focuses on the specific negotiations concerning Romania, starting from the post-December period and the process of Europeanization. The stages from the Association Agreement to the signing of the Accession Treaty are detailed, with an emphasis on the dimensions of the negotiations, the procedures involved, and the post-accession period. The impact of economic and legislative reforms is analyzed, as well as how Romania managed the challenges of the transition to EU membership. In other words, the entire process followed by Romania to gain membership in the Union is presented, from the complex post-December context to the Accession Treaty. The focus was on the key stages of integration and the dimensions of the accession negotiations (specific to Romania), covering all three phases: pre-negotiation, negotiation, and post-negotiation. Furthermore, the necessary transformations to align Romania with the Union's requirements, as well as the challenges and achievements in this complex process, are addressed.

Chapter V, entitled *Transposition and Application of the Acquis in the Policy Areas of External Relations and the Common Foreign, Security, and Defence Policy*, addresses the methodological component of the research in the first part, highlighting the main qualitative research methods used (document analysis, semi-structured interviews, case study), along with their descriptions. Subsequently, the processing of the data obtained through the two methods—document analysis and semi-structured interviews—was addressed. In this regard, the interpretation of the previously researched documents was carried out within the context of the case study, and the interpretation of the responses obtained through the interviews followed afterward. The case study on the transposition and application of the acquis in the two policy areas (External Relations and the Common Foreign, Security, and Defence Policy), part of cluster 6, was

conducted with the following structure (used for both policy areas): a brief history and developments in the field, the process followed by Romania during the accession period, and the *acquis* in the two policy areas.

Chapter VI presents the final conclusions of the thesis and suggestions for future research, highlighting the main findings and how they answer the two research questions initially formulated. Possible directions for future research are also presented, aimed at deepening the themes analyzed and exploring new perspectives on the subject.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

The aim of this research is to scientifically investigate how Romania transposed and applied the EU *acquis* in the two relevant policy areas, according to the new approaches and orientations of the enlargement policy, cluster 6: External Relations (Chapter 30) and Common Foreign and Security Policy (Chapter 31). Given the complexity of these transposition procedures and the specific legal nuances, a profound methodological approach was necessary, with an inductive research strategy to explore this topic in detail. The selection of a "research logic" in this regard was essential, with the research methods subordinated to the choice of such a strategy to provide coherence to the entire scientific endeavor.

Elements related to the processes of transposing and applying EU legislation in Romania, as part of Romania's efforts to meet the conditions for accession (during the pre-accession period) and those of integration into the Union as a full member state, are not new topics in the field of international relations and European studies. In this context, studying the specialized literature was indispensable for developing the present research work. This review, which involved books, studies, and specialized articles written by professionals, allowed us to extract and include part of the existing knowledge and perspectives related to elements closely tied to the chosen topic and, at the same time, to understand all the nuances regarding the alignment of national policies in the fields of External Relations and Common Foreign, Security, and Defense Policy to those of the Union. In this regard, all works used in this research have been properly cited and are mentioned in the footnotes as well as in the final bibliography, which includes general and specialized works, articles, studies, official documents, and online sources.

The research strategy used in this academic work is qualitative, as it is most appropriate for exploring the procedures and capturing the legislative and institutional complexity and dynamics, as well as the perspectives of the actors and institutions involved in the legislative transposition process. This social science strategy involved and required the use of appropriate research methods, considering the topic under study. Thus, we resorted to the following methods: document and content analysis, semi-structured interviews, and case studies.

Regarding the investigation materials, they are mixed in nature and were consulted in both physical and online formats. As for the types of documents studied, we researched specialized articles and studies, publications, and official documents, relevant opinions found in various blogs, widely circulated newspapers, journals, various audiovisual programs, as well as national and international statistics. Many of the sources consulted were published on the websites of specialized institutions: the European Commission, the Council of the European Union, the European Parliament, the Chamber of Deputies, the European Institute in Romania, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Ministry of National Defense, the Legislative Council, the Ministry of Economy, Eur-Lex.

Among the research documents are: primary and secondary legislative acts (at the EU level), applicable national legislation, Romania's position papers on the two chapters during the accession negotiations addressed in this study, the National Accession Program (2001), Progress Reports from the European Commission on Romania (8 reports, 1998-2005), Ministry of National Defense Reports (17 reports, 2007-2023), reports from the Supreme Council of National Defense (CSAT) on activities conducted (14 reports, 2007-2020), White Papers on Defense (2015, 2017, 2021), multiannual strategic programs for international cooperation and humanitarian assistance (2020-2023 / 2024-2027), national reports on development assistance provided by Romania (2015-2022), National Defense Strategies (2006, 2010, 2015-2019, 2020-2024). On the other hand, we made a request to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, given the importance it holds internally in relation to the two policy areas, to obtain some information related to the transposition of the EU acquis concerning Chapter 26 (External Relations) and Chapter 27 (CFSP), now Chapters 30 and 31. The responses received were integrated into the study.

The examination of these documents helped us obtain a clear and comprehensive perspective on how Romania has managed to approach these policies, both during the accession period (as a candidate state) and as an EU member state. Moreover, through these materials, we

were able to reveal the history and evolution of the two chapters, the relevant internal mechanisms, the involved actors (at the supranational and national levels), the composition of the acquis in these two chapters, and Romania's actions and efforts to align with the Union's external relations.

The interview, as a research method used in this study, can be understood as a technique through which verbal information is obtained from individuals or groups, based on a structured process of questions and answers, aimed at verifying hypotheses or scientifically describing various sociological phenomena.¹⁹ In studies of sociological research techniques, Chelcea highlights that the interview is the most commonly used sociological method in research²⁰ and aims to: (i) identify variables and the relationships between them (exploratory purpose), (ii) serve as a central tool for collecting data needed to test hypotheses, and (iii) provide additional information to complement the results obtained by other methods.

Considering the premises and advantages of such a method, the interview designed in this work is semi-structured, conducted with individuals remotely, due to the respondents' intense professional activity and time constraints. It consisted of 10 open-ended questions that explore in-depth the process of transposing and applying EU acquis (in general) and specifically for the two chapters under investigation.

Given the aim of the interview – to obtain a clear image of how the legislative transposition process is perceived by the respondents, to highlight how Romania manages to adapt and implement the EU acquis, as well as the difficulties encountered and possible solutions – the questions were crafted considering the practical and theoretical experience of the interviewees, to obtain responses and information not available through other sources or research methods. Obtaining these interviews was challenging, as requests for participation were sent to several institutions with specific responsibilities related to transposition, including governmental, parliamentary structures, and specialized committees, but many of them did not respond. Ultimately, five interviews were conducted with representatives from institutions responsible for the two analyzed chapters, as well as with experts in the field. Although this number might seem low, the selection was strategic, involving interlocutors with relevant expertise capable of offering valuable insights that contribute to the scientific validation of this research.

¹⁹ Septimiu Chelcea, *Tehnici de cercetare sociologică*, Facultatea de Comunicare și Relații Publice, 2011, p. 122.

²⁰ *Ibidem*, p. 123.

The individuals interviewed for this method were selected based on a sampling that focused on specialists in Romania who have worked or are currently working in state structures related to the legislative transposition process of the *acquis* in the two policy areas. The interviewees are or were affiliated with essential institutions directly involved in the legislative transposition process (with direct responsibilities). In this regard, those interviewed were required to possess specific qualities, such as relevant experience (with direct/indirect involvement in the transposition or integration process) and in-depth knowledge (regarding the *acquis*, European and national legislative processes, and European integration).

I identified the level of experience/expertise as a crucial element for using the interview method in this study, as we would not have been able to obtain insights into how Romania adapts to and implements the EU *acquis* without input from the actors involved (directly/indirectly), whether institutions or experts. Additionally, another aspect was the diversity of perspectives – aiming to include subjects from different state structures or with roles in various stages of the transposition process.

Thus, interview requests were sent to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs to obtain more interviews with experts in the field of transposition and application of EU legislation, considering the Ministry's responsibilities as the 'coordinating institution for the transposition of directives,' and given that one of the chapters studied (External Relations – Chapter 30) falls under the Ministry's jurisdiction, as well as to the Ministry of National Defense, responsible for the integration of the chapter on External Relations, Security, and Defense (Chapter 31), to the parliamentary committees (the Committee for European Affairs and the Committee for Defense, Public Order, and National Security), and to the Legislative Council (the advisory body of Parliament), which plays a key role in ensuring the alignment of national laws with EU standards. The interview was also directed to a high-ranking official with extensive experience in the central apparatus and in close connection with the legislative transposition process and European integration. This selection aimed to offer a multi-angle view of the transposition process, recognizing that responsibility for the process does not belong to a single institution or individual, but involves multiple actors.

Regarding the way the interviews were conducted, they were held online (written) via email, as were the initial participation requests sent to the respondents. This approach was preferred considering its convenience due to the respondents' busy schedules, the efficiency in

collecting answers, the structured nature of the responses, and the clear capture of answers without ambiguity. In any case, we were unable to obtain demographic data from the subjects, as some answers came from an institutional perspective, and others did not provide such information.

In the end, we obtained 5 interviews, each offering valuable insights into Romania's legislative transposition process. Given the multilateral approach (selecting subjects from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of National Defense, Legislative Council, an expert from the European Affairs Committee of Parliament, and a senior official with extensive executive experience), we were able to obtain more detailed responses that could not have been obtained through other research methods.

In compliance with academic standards, all materials studied and used in this thesis are properly cited in accordance with academic rules, in the footnotes and in the final bibliography. Regarding research ethics, this work was conducted and written in accordance with the Rules of Good Practice in Scientific Research and in accordance with laws concerning copyright, related rights, personal data protection, and other relevant standards.

The research began in 2021 and involved an extensive analysis of official documents, specialized studies, and relevant sources. Between 2021 and 2024, materials published by the European Commission, the Council of the European Union, the European Parliament, the Chamber of Deputies, the European Institute in Romania, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Ministry of National Defense, the Legislative Council, the Ministry of Economy, as well as relevant EU and national legislation, were consulted. Among the documents analyzed are the National Accession Program (2001), the eight Progress Reports from the European Commission (1998-2005), Ministry of National Defense Reports (2007-2023), CSAT Reports (2007-2020), White Papers on Defense (2015, 2017, 2021), Strategic Programs for International Cooperation and Humanitarian Assistance (2020-2023, 2024-2027), Reports on Development Assistance (2015-2022), and National Defense Strategies (2006, 2010, 2015-2019, 2020-2024). In addition to document study, five interviews were conducted with experts and representatives from the institutions involved. The process took place between April and September 2024, during which requests were sent to government and parliamentary institutions, and interviews were conducted.

Research Questions

Considering the outlined aspects, the present research presents the following two research questions to be addressed:

- (i) To what extent has Romania, as an EU member state, succeeded in aligning with the two policies, components of cluster 6: External Relations, Common Security and Defence Policy?
- (ii) Does the compatibility between the EU acquis on one hand, and the domestic legal system on the other, lead to an increase in the level of integration?

CONTRIBUTIONS OF THIS WORK TO THE FIELD OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AND EUROPEAN STUDIES

Being an interdisciplinary work par excellence – combining, at its core, knowledge and elements from distinct fields of study: international relations, European studies, and legal sciences – the study of the transposition and application of the acquis in Romania, from the perspective of the two negotiation chapters – External Relations and Common Security and Defence Policy (Cluster 6) – in the post-accession period, brings a remarkable contribution to the field of International Relations and European Studies by analyzing how these two policies, in particular, are integrated and implemented at the national level in accordance with the Union's strategic objectives in the area of External Relations. This demonstrates, primarily, Romania's commitment to the values and objectives of the EU, and contributes to deepening European integration from the perspective of a member state.

Compliance with EU standards and policy directions, mandatory even after obtaining EU member status, is necessary to maintain a coherent and unified approach among member states, in line with the EU's principles and overall objectives, as well as to preserve the legal framework intact, especially in a geopolitical context marked by turmoil and competition, as highlighted above. Considering the continuity element, in the post-accession period, Romania had to continue the alignment process, strengthening both its administrative and institutional capacity to efficiently implement these policies.

The novelty lies in the detailed and integrated approach (considering procedures, challenges, adopted solutions) of how transposition in Romania is understood in the field of

External Relations. Through the chosen research methods, the study provides a perspective on national-level processes, challenges, and potential solutions, particularly through the responses of interviewees. Given that the issue has been addressed in literature in abstract or formal terms, this study brings an empirical component to the research on these processes. In order to maintain the integrity of the political and legal order within the EU, Romania had to and must continue to adopt EU declarations, common positions, comply with humanitarian aid legislation, development policies, engage in political dialogue within the CFSP, apply sanctions, and implement restrictive measures agreed at the European level to help fulfill the Union's global objectives.

In addition to this "overview" of transposition capacity, the study will also identify possible solutions to optimize these processes at the national level, based on institutional documents and reports, and interview responses. The research will contribute to the development of this field by presenting approaches in the process of "legislative Europeanization"; moreover, by navigating through Romania's entire post-communist development path, given the need (and necessity) for legislative and institutional compatibility, the study offers extremely useful perspectives through responses to research questions, considerations on the transposition process, and its relevance to Romania's integration into the EU, which began after accession.

SUMMARY OF THE CONCLUSIONS RESULTING FROM THE DOCTORAL THESIS

This research aimed to explore the processes of transposition and application of the European Union acquis in Romania in two policy areas, providing an extended perspective beyond purely legal analysis. The qualitative methods used were essential to obtaining a detailed picture of these processes, with the integration of theory and previous research contributing to the clarification of the key concepts addressed.

The central research question was to what extent Romania, as an EU member state, has succeeded in aligning with the two policies, components of Cluster 6: External Relations, Common Security and Defence Policy? Romania has demonstrated efficiency in the field of External Relations, applying the EU's Common Commercial Policy (CCP) since 2007, without adopting national legislation in areas regulated by the CCP. Romania continues to support free trade principles and oppose protectionism, contributing actively to strengthening the Union's capacities

on the global stage. After accession, Romania continued to engage in development cooperation and humanitarian aid, adopting Law 213/2016 and establishing agencies such as ROAid. It has also allocated substantial resources for humanitarian aid and developed international partnerships, aiding developing countries, particularly in Africa and the Balkans.

In the field of security and defense, Romania adopted EU security measures, actively participating in Union initiatives and contributing to peacekeeping operations. It has shown a concrete commitment to European regulations, promoting regional stability and security. After accession, Romania continued to strengthen its profile within the EU, applying the adopted common positions, especially in the field of sanctions.

The interview responses emphasized the evolution of the internalization process of the acquis in Romania, from an approach focused on copying texts to a deeper integration of these texts into the Romanian legal system. These developments demonstrate the country's continuous progress in aligning with European standards.

Another objective of the research was to answer the following research question: Does the compatibility between the EU acquis on one hand, and the domestic legal system on the other, lead to an increase in the level of integration? The results showed that this compatibility is not only an essential element of European integration but also contributes to more efficient internal governance and Romania's legislative evolution. From the analysis of specialized documents and interview responses, it is evident that when domestic norms are properly aligned with EU acquis, the outcomes are favorable for deeper integration. The collected data confirm that effective harmonization between national and European legislation enhances European integration.

This research is investigative in nature, aiming to determine how Romania succeeded in aligning with the two policies and assessing whether compatibility between the EU acquis and the Romanian legal system contributes to the increase of European integration. In addition to effective normative convergence, as a result of consistent application of EU acquis, the responses indicate that this transposition and application contribute to the consolidation of our European integration. In other words, the transposition of the acquis (especially in the two policy areas) is a crucial aspect of Romania's alignment with EU policies, facilitating integration into its structures.

The research has shown that Romania had a significant evolutionary path during the accession and post-accession periods, consolidating its status as an EU member state. Considering the entire context, Romania, both during the accession period and afterward, has demonstrated that

it is an involved and resilient state. The period from 1993 – when the legal framework between Romania and the EU and member states was established – until 2007, was marked by profound changes in multiple areas. Romania had to, in addition to many other measures, bring its national legal framework in line with EU law, which required the adoption of normative acts to transpose EU legislation, or the repeal of contradictory norms. The accession negotiations between 2000 and 2004 tested Romania's administrative, institutional, and judicial capacity, culminating in success – Romania obtained the Accession Treaty, as the chief negotiator remarked. After gaining member status, Romania entered a new stage – integrating into the Union, ensuring constant compliance with EU standards, and strengthening its status as an EU member country.

In conclusion, the study emphasizes the importance of correctly transposing the EU acquis and aligning with European policies as fundamental mechanisms for Romania's integration into the European Union. The responses received during the research, combined with the analysis of relevant documents, suggest that Romania has successfully applied the acquis and actively contributed to the strengthening of the European Union, especially in the fields of External Relations and security, demonstrating a solid commitment to EU objectives.

Future Research Directions

Regarding future research directions, I believe the other clusters grouping EU acquis chapters (five remaining: fundamentals, internal market, competitiveness and inclusive growth, green agenda and sustainable connectivity, resources, agriculture, and cohesion) should be researched, given that the central theme of this work was how Romania transposed and applied the acquis concerning the last cluster – External Relations, after 2007. Moreover, the research could address the chapters in which acquis could be clearly quantified from the perspective of legislative transposition processes (for example, where directives – as tools for legislative harmonization – have a higher incidence). This quantification in concrete terms will facilitate the analysis and monitoring of potential progress or trends in the legislative perspective. Therefore, future research could include comparative studies, considering examples from different EU enlargement waves, such as states that joined in distinct waves and from different geographical regions.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. General papers

- Blaikie, Norman, *Modele ale cercetării sociale*, ed. a II-a, Ed. CA Publishing, Cluj-Napoca, 2010.
- Bulei, Ion, *România în secolele XIX-XX. Europenizarea*, Ed. Litera, Bucureşti, 2011.
- Conea, Alina-Mihaela, *Politicele Uniunii Europene*, Ed. Universul Juridic, Bucureşti, 2020, p. 16.
- Chelcea, Septimiu, *Tehnici de cercetare sociologică*, Facultatea de Comunicare și Relații Publice, 2011, p. 122.
- Danescu, Elena, *Pierre Werner and Europe. The Family Archives Behind the Werner Report*, in Archival insights into the evolution of economics, Palgrave Macmillan Publishing House.
- Morariu, Cristina Daniela, *Adaptarea legislației românești la acquis-ul comunitar*, Ed. Universul Juridic, Bucureşti, 2008.
- Scârneci, Florentina, *Îndrumar de cercetare calitativă în științele socio-umane*, Ediția. a 2-a, Ed. Universității Transilvania din Brașov, 2007.
- Wallace, Helen, Wallace, William, Pollack, Mark, *Elaborarea politicilor în Uniunea Europeană*, trad. Filip Gâdiuță, Ediția a 5-a, Oxford University Press, 2005, p. 405.

2. Special papers

- Bolboș, Gabriela Narcisa Bodea, *Implementarea acquis-ului comunitar în România*, Teză de Doctorat, Cluj-Napoca, 2010.
- Ciot, Melania-Gabriela, *Experiența Extinderii Uniunii Europene – Cazul României*, în Nicolae Păun (coord.), *Uniunea Europeană în contextul unei lumi în schimbare*, Ed. Academiei Române, Bucureşti, 2017.
- Ciot, Melania-Gabriela, „*Negotiation and Foreign Policy Decision Making*”, Ed. Cambridge Scholaris Publishing, Newcastle upon Tyne, 2014.
- Checkel, Jeffrey, *International Institutions and Socialization in Europe: Introduction and Framework*, Vol. 59, No. 4, International Institutions and Socialization in Europe, 2005.
- Costea, Maria; Costea, Simion, *Integrarea României în Uniunea Europeană: provocări și perspective*, Ed. Institutul European, 2007.

- Curtin, Deirdre; Heukels, Ton, *Institutional Dynamics of European Integration*, Ed. Martinus Nijhoff Publishers, vol. II, Dordrecht, 1994.
- Dăianu, Daniel; Vrânceanu, Radu, *România și Uniunea Europeană. Inflație, balanță de plată, creștere economică*, Ed. Polirom, 2002.
- Devaux, Sandrine, Sudbery, Imogen, *Social Actors and the Transfer of Models in EU-27*, Centre français de recherche en sciences sociales (CEFRES), Prague, 2009.
- Dobre, Ana Maria; Coman, Ramona, *România și Integrarea Europeană*, Ed. Institutul European Iași, 2005.
- Drăgan, Gabriela; Mocanu, Oana; Mureșan, Bogdan; Eliza, Vaș; Sebe, Mihai, *România – 10 ani în Uniunea Europeană*, Raport, EIR Working Papers Series, No. 34, European Institute of Romania, Bucharest, 2017.
- Dragomirescu, Horațiu, *România în Uniunea Europeană: Dezideratul Calității integrării sub condiția proactivității*, în Coralia Angelescu, Marin Dinu, Horațiu Dragomirescu, *România și Uniunea Europeană. Calitatea integrării*, Vol. 2, Ed. Economică, București, 2006.
- Fabian, Gyula, *Dreptul instituțional al Uniunii Europene*, Ed. Hamangiu, București, 2012.
- Fabian, Gyula, *Drept institutional al Uniunii Europene*, Ed. Hamangiu, Bucuresti, 2023.
- Gorghiș, Alina, *Harmonization of national legislation with community regulations*, in Anton Florin Boța-Moisin, The International conference – The „Acquis Communautaire” a need for the European integration, nr. 1, Ed. Universității din Pitești, Pitești, 200
- Goriță, Ciprian, *Negocierile de aderare la Uniunea Europeană*, Ed. Economică, București, 2008.
- Hix, Simon; Goetz, Klaus, *Introduction: European Integration and National Political Systems*, în Simon Hix, H. Klaus Goetz (ed.), *Europeanised Politics? European Integration and National Political Systems*, Frank Class, London, 2001.
- Iancu, Aurel, *Pregătirea României pentru aderarea la Uniunea Europeană*, în Studii Economice, Institutul Național de Cercetări Economice, București, 2018.
- Jinga, Ion, *Uniunea Europeană în căutarea viitorului*, Ed. C. H. Beck, București, 2008.
- Kamari Majin, Shokrollah, *The Role of the Lisbon Treaty for Deepening of the European Integration*, in International Journal of Novel Research in Humanity and Social Sciences, Vol. 4, No. 3, 2017.
- Lambru, Mihaela, *Dimensiunea socială a procesului de integrare europeană. Studiu de caz: reforma sistemului de pensii în România*, în Bădescu, I., Mihăilescu, I., Zamfir, E.,

(editors), *Geopolitica integrării europene, Centrul de geopolitică și antropologie vizuală*, Universitatea din București, Editura Universității din București, 2002.

Lazowski, Adam, *The application of EU law in the new member states*, T.M.C. Asser Press, The Hague, 2010.

Nikolova, Pavlina, *Negotiating for EU Membership? The case of Bulgaria and Romania*, in Croatian Yearbook of European Law and Policy (CYELP), No. 2, 2006.

Medak, Vladimir, Vehar, Primoz, *Armonizarea legislației ca element cheie pentru succesul procesului de integrare a Republicii Moldova în Uniunea Europeană*, Ed. Arc, Chișinău, 2022, p. 64.

Meerts, Paul, *Negociind integrarea europeană*, în Vasile Pușcaș, *Negociind cu Uniunea Europeană. Pregătirea mediului intern de negociere*, vol. 4, Ed. Economică, București, 2003.

Nicolaides, Phedon; Boean, Sylvia Raja, *The process of enlargement of the European Union*, 1996, disponibil la: <http://aei.pitt.edu/776/1/2.htm>, accesat la data de 2 ianuarie 2024.

Péter, Balázs, The *Future of EU Enlargement*, in International Issues & Slovak Foreign Policy Affairs, vol. 22, no. 4, 2013.

Poenaru, Titus, *Actori instituționali, state și cetăteni în procesul extinderii*, în Nicolae Păun (coord.), *Uniunea Europeană în contextul unei lumi în schimbare. Fundamente istorice, valori, instituții, politici*, Ed. Academiei Românie, București, 2017.

Pușcaș, Vasile, *EU accessions negotiations (A Handbook)*, Ed. Hulla & Co Human Dynamics KG, Viena, 2013.

Pușcaș, Vasile, *Negociind cu Uniunea Europeană. Documentele inițiale de poziție la capituloile de negociere*, Vol. I, Ed. Economică, București, 2003.

Pușcaș, Vasile, *Negociind cu Uniunea Europeană. Pregătirea mediului intern de negociere*, vol. 4, Ed. Economică, București, 2003.

Pușcaș, Vasile, *România spre Uniunea Europeană. Negocierile de aderare (2000-2004)*, Ed. Intitutul European, Iași, 2007.

Roth, Francois, *Inventarea Europei. De la Europa lui Jean Monnet la Uniunea Europeană*, trad. Irinel Antoniu, Ed. Institutul European Iași, 2007.

Sajdik, Martin; Schwarzinger Michael, *European Union Enlargement - Background, Developments, Facts*, Ed. Routledge, Bruxelles, 2008.

- Sedelmeier, Ulrich, *Extinderea: De la reguli pentru aderare către o politică pentru Europa*, în Helen Wallace, Mark Pollack, Alasdair Young, *Elaborarea politicilor în Uniunea Europeană*, Ediția a 6-a, Institutul European din România, 2011.
- Smith, Karen E., *The Evolution and Application of EU Membership Conditionality*, in Cremona, M. (ed.), *The Enlargement of the European Union*, Oxford University Press, 2003.
- Swedberg, Richard, *The idea of 'Europe' and the Origin of the European Union – A sociological Approach*, în Zeitschrift fur Soziologie, Jg. 23, 1994.
- Van Middel, Luuk, *The Passage to Europe. How a continent became a Union*, (trad. Liz Waters), Yale University Press, 2013.
- Vătăman, Dan, *Organizații Europene și Euroatlantice*, Ed. Lumina Lex, București, 2008.

3. Articles and specialized studies

Albu, Lucian-Liviu (coord.), *Impactul aderării României la Uniunea Europeană asupra economiei românești. Analiză sectorială (industria, agricultură, servicii, etc.)*, Seria Studii de Strategie și Politici SPOS, Ed. Institutul European din România, București, 2018, disponibil la: http://ier.gov.ro/wp-content/uploads/2018/10/SPOS_2017_Studiul_1_FINAL.pdf, accesat la data de 20 mai 2024..

Altfeldisch, Christian, *Does Europe Still Inspire in the Balkans?*, in L'Europe en Formation, 2012/2 (n° 364).

Apelblat, Mose, *Enlargement: Repacking of procedures to join the EU*, in Brussels Times, 2020, disponibil la: <https://www.brusselstimes.com/93925/enlargement-repacking-of-procedures-to-join-the-eu>, accesat la 10 februarie 2024.

Armin, Cuyvers, *The Road to European Integration*, in A. Cuyvers, E. Ugirashebuja, J. E. Ruhangisa, & T. Ottervanger (Eds.), *East African Community Law: Institutional, Substantive and Comparative EU Aspects*, 2017, Brill, disponibil la: <http://www.jstor.org/stable/10.1163/j.ctt1w76vj2.6>, accesat la data de 23 martie 2024.

Armin Cuyvers, *External Relations and the EU*, in A. Cuyvers, E. Ugirashebuja, J. E. Ruhangisa, & T. Ottervanger (Eds.), *East African Community Law: Institutional, Substantive and Comparative EU Aspects*, 2017, Brill, pp. 196-197, disponibil la: <http://www.jstor.org/stable/10.1163/j.ctt1w76vj2.6>, accesat la data de 10 septembrie 2024.

Attina, Fulvio, *Politica Externă de Securitate Comună a UE*, în Manualul Afacerilor Europene, Institutul European din România, Bucureşti, 2005, p. 333, disponibil online la: http://ier.gov.ro/wp-content/uploads/publicatii/manualul_afacerilor_europene.pdf, accesat la data de 15 august 2024.

Balfour, Rosa; Stratulat, Corina, *The enlargement of the European Union*, European Policy Centre, 2012, disponibil la: https://www.epc.eu/content/PDF/2012/The_enlargement_of_the_EU.pdf, accesat la data de 20 martie 2024.

Barigazzi, Jacopo; Herszenhorn, David M., *Multispeed Europe: the EU's 'Loch Ness monster'*, in *Politico*, 2017, disponibil la: <https://www.politico.eu/article/multispeed-europe-the-eus-loch-ness-monster-future/>, accesat la data de 18 februarie 2024..

Barroso, Jose Manuel, *The European Union at the Emerging World Order – Perceptions and Strategies*, Discourse, 7th ECSA (European Community Studies Association, World Conference, Brussels, 2004, disponibil la: https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/fr/speech_04_499, accesat la data de 21 martie 2024.

Batorshina, Irina, *The fifth wave of the European Union Enlargement : pro et contra*, Baltic Region, no. 3, 2011, disponibil la: https://www.ssoar.info/ssoar/bitstream/handle/document/32930/ssoar-balticreg-2011-3-batorshina-The_fifth_wave_of_the.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y&lnkname=ssoar-balticreg-2011-3-batorshina-The_fifth_wave_of_the.pdf, accesat la data de 2 martie 2024.

Bildt, Carl, *The return of EU enlargement*, in The Strategist, Australian Strategic Policy Institute, disponibil la: <https://www.aspistrategist.org.au/the-return-of-eu-enlargement/>, accesat la data de 9 ianuarie 2024.

Bonciu, Florin (coord.), *Politica Comercială Comună*, în Ghidul politicilor Uniunii Europene, nr. 3, Institutul European din România, Bucureşti, 2012, disponibil la: http://ier.gov.ro/wp-content/uploads/publicatii/politica_comerciala_brosura_nr.3_.pdf, accesat la data de 2 septembrie 2024.

Bonomi, Matte; Rusconi, Irene, *From EU 'enlargement fatigue' to 'enlargement enthusiasm'? , in Österreichische Gesellschaft für Europapolitik (ÖGfE) Policy Brief*, Viena, 2023,

disponibil la: <https://www.oegfe.at/wp-content/uploads/2023/10/PB-192023.pdf>, accesat la data de 25 martie 2024.

Bota, Ana Maria, *România a semnat tratatul de aderare la UE*, în arhiva BBC Romanian, disponibil la: https://www.bbc.co.uk/romanian/news/story/2005/04/050424_semnare_aderare.shtml, accesat la data de 13 aprilie 2024.

Boye Jacobsen, Christen, *Implementing the *acquis communautaire* – the fight over 80.000 pages*, RGSL Working Papers, no. 7, Riga, 2002, disponibil la: <https://www.rgsl.edu.lv/uploads/working-papers-list/23/rwp7jacobsen.pdf>, accesat la data de 10 iunie 2023.

Brudzińska, Kinga, *Multi-speed Concept is in the European Union's DNA*, Centre for Global Europe (GLOBSEC), 2018, disponibil la: <https://ec.europa.eu/programmes/erasmus-plus/project-result-content/3046973f-d310-4d54-a89b-f31697143d04/Multi->, accesat la data de 18 februarie 2024.

Buras, Piotr, Lang, Kai-Olaf, *Partnership for Enlargement: A new way to integrate Ukraine and the EU's eastern neighbourhood*, in Consiliul European on Foreign Relations, 2022, disponibil la: <https://ecfr.eu/publication/partnership-for-enlargement-a-new-way-to-integrate-ukraine-and-the-eus-eastern-neighbourhood/>, accesat la data de 7 ianuarie 2024.

Buras, Piotr, Marina, Engjellushe, *Vision 2030: Four steps towards the new EU enlargement*, in Consiliul European on Foreign Relations, Commentary, 2023, disponibil la: <https://ecfr.eu/article/vision-2030-four-steps-towards-the-new-eu-enlargement/>, accesat la data de 7 ianuarie 2024.

Burwell, Frances, *The next European member is...*, în Atlantic Council, US, 2023, disponibil la: <https://www.atlanticcouncil.org/blogs/new-atlanticist/the-next-european-union-member-is/>, accesat la data de 10 februarie 2024.

Cagiano de Azevedo, Raimond; Paparusso, Angela; Vaccaro, Mauro, *Sovereignty and *acquis communautaire*: the new borders of European Union*, în L'Europe En Formation, nr. 2, 2013, disponibil la: <https://www.cairn.info/revue-l-europe-en-formation-2013-2-page-189.htm>, accesat la data de 17 decembrie 2023.

Cameron, David R., *The Challenges of EU Accession for Post-Communist Europe*, in CES Central & Eastern Europe Working Paper No. 60, 2004, disponibil la: <http://aei.pitt.edu/9273/1/Cameron.pdf>, accesat la data de 10 ianuarie 2024.

Chalmers, Damian, Davies, Gareth, Monti, Giorgio, *European Union Law*, Ed. 4, Cambridge University Press, disponibil la https://assets.cambridge.org/97811084/63591/frontmatter/9781108463591_frontmatter.pdf, accesat la data de 15 august 2024.

Ciascăi, Gheorghe, *De la Romania comunistă la Romania europeană – beneficii și costuri ale aderării României la Uniunea Europeană*, în Sfera Politicii, nr. 6 (182), 2014.

Cloos, Jim, *A critical look at the report of Franco-German working group on EU institutional reform*, in Trans-european Policy Studies Association, 2023, disponibil la: <https://tepsa.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/11/TEPSA-Commentary-Cloos-Franco-German-report-1.pdf>, accesat la data de 26 februarie 2024.

Costa, Olivier (coord.), *Sailing on High Seas: Reforming and Enlarging the EU for the 21st Century*, Report of the Franco-German working group on EU institution reform, Paris-Berlin, 2023, p. 34, disponibil la: <https://www.auswaertiges-amt.de/blob/2617206/4d0e0010ffcd8c0079e21329bbbb3332/230919-rfaa-deu-fra-bericht-data.pdf>, accesat la data de 25 februarie 2024.

Cotișel, Antoanelă-Cătălina, *Transpunerea directivelor Uniunii Europene în ordinea juridică a statelor membre*, Rezumat al Tezei de Doctorat, București, 2012, p. 16, disponibil la: https://www.univnt.ro/wp-content/uploads/doctorat/rezumate_doctorat/Cotisel_Geaman_Antoanelă.pdf, accesat la data de 2 septembrie 2024.

Cunha, Alice, *The European Economic Community's Third Enlargement*, in The Jean Monnet/Robert Schuman Paper Series, Vol. 12, No. 6, 2012, disponibil la: http://aei.pitt.edu/43444/1/Cunha_EEC_3rd_Enlargement.pdf, accesat la data de 12 ianuarie 2024.

Dempsey, Judy, *Judy Asks: Is the EU Ready for Further Enlargement?*, in Carnegie Europe, 2023, disponibil la: <https://carnegieeurope.eu/strategiceurope/89678>, accesat la data de 30 martie 2024.

Deschamps, Etienne, *Denmark's accession*, in Centre Virtuel de la Connaissance sur l' Europe (CVCE), disponibil la: https://www.cvce.eu/en/recherche/unit-content/-/unit/02bb76df-d066-4c08-a58a-d4686a3e68ff/399cb32d-c93d-4374-9537-20fa9a99f61c/Resources#93a02713-333e-4599-9052-6eca6a924026_en&overlay, consultat la data de 05 ianuarie 2024.

Devrim, Deniz; Schulz, Evelnia, *Enlargement fatigue in the European Union: From Enlargement to Many Unions*, 2009, disponibil la: <https://www.realinstitutoelcano.org/en/work-document/enlargement-fatigue-in-the-european-union-from-enlargement-to-many-unions-wp>, accesat la data de 05 ianuarie 2024.

Dimiter, Toshkov. *55 years of EU Legislation*, Online presentation, disponibil la: <http://www.dimiter.eu/Eurlex.html>, accesat la data de 12 iunie 2023.

Drăgan, Gabriela (coord.), *Politica de cooperare pentru dezvoltare și Politica de ajutor umanitar*, în Ghidul Politicilor Uniunii Europene, Broșura nr. 2, Institutul European din România, București, 2012, p. 8.

Dur, Andreas; Mateo, Gemma; Thomas, Daniel C., *Negotiation theory and the EU: The state of the art*, in Journal of European Public Policy, 17(5), 2010.

Egenhofer, Christian, Sebastian Kurpas, and Louise van Schaik, *The Ever-Changing Union: An Introduction to the History, Institutions and Decision-Making Processes of the European Union*, în CEPS Special Report, Brussels, 2009, disponibil la: https://www.files.ethz.ch/isn/96603/SR%202009_01%20Ever-Changing%20Union.pdf, accesat la data de 10 iunie 2023.

Emerson, Michael; Blockmans, Steven, *The 2023 Enlargement Package – Major Political Proposals and Glimmers of a Staged Accession Approach*, in Sceeuus Guest Raport, 2023, disponibil la: <https://cdn.ceps.eu/wp-content/uploads/2023/11/the-2023-enlargement-package.pdf>, accesat la data de 26 februarie 2024.

Emmert, Frank; Petrovic, Sinisa, *The past, present, and future of EU enlargement*, in Fordham International Law Journal, Vol. 37, Nr. 5, 2014, disponibil la: <https://ir.lawnet.fordham.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=2350&context=ili>, accesat la data de 11 ianuarie 2024.

Faber, Anne; Wessels, Wolfgang, *Wider Europe, Deeper Integration? A common theoretical and methodological framework for EU-CONSENT*, in Hellenic Foundation for European &

Foreign Policy, disponibil la: https://www.liamep.gr/wp-content/uploads/en/2008/10/faber_widening_deepening.pdf, accesat la data de 4 aprilie 2024.

Flockhart, Trine, *Europeanization or EU-ization? The Transfer of European Norms across Time and Space*, in Journal of Common Market Studies, Volume 48, No. 4, 2010, disponibil la: https://www.academia.edu/2018449/Europeanization_or_EU_ization_The_Transfer_of_European_Norms_across_Time_and_Space, accesat la data de 23 aprilie 2024.

Frennhoff Larsen, Magdalena, *Will 2024 bring a new momentum for EU enlargement?*, UK in a Changing Europe ThinkTank, disponibil la: <https://ukandeu.ac.uk/will-2024-bring-a-new-momentum-for-eu-enlargement/>, accesat la data de 7 februarie 2024.

Fuerea, Augustin (coord.), *Evaluarea gradului de concordanță a legislației române cu acquis-ul comunitar; la nivelul anului 2002, pe capitole de negociere*, Institutul European din România, București, 2004, disponibil la: http://ier.gov.ro/wp-content/uploads/publicatii/Pais2_studiu_1_ro.pdf, accesat la data de 16 mai 2024.

Goebel J., Roger, *Joining the European Union: The Accession Procedure for the Central European and Mediterranean States*, in Loyola University Chicago International Law Review, Vol. I, Issue 1 2003-2004, disponibil la: <http://lawcommons.luc.edu/lucilr/vol1/iss1/3>, accesat la data de 5 martie 2024.

Goebel J., Roger, *The European Union Grows: The Constitutional Impact of the Accession of Austria, Finland and Sweden*, în Fordham International Law Journal 18, nr. 4, 1994.

Greissler, Christina; Elek, Fanni, *Hungary, an anti-role model for successful EU integration?*, in Österreichische Gesellschaft für Europapolitik Policy Briefs. disponibil la <https://www.oegfe.at/policy-briefs/hungary-an-anti-role-model-for-successful-eu-integration/>, accesat la data de 31.01.2024.

Harmsen, Robert; Wilson Thomas, *Introduction: Approaches to Europeanization*, in Yearbook of European Studies, no. 14, 2000.

Hartmut, Marhold, *How to Tell the History of European Integration in the 1970s: A Survey of the Literature and Some Proposals*, in L'Europe en Formation, no. 353-354, pp. 13-38, 2009, disponibil la: <https://www.cairn.info/revue-l-europe-en-formation-2009-3-page-13.htm?ref=doi>, accesat la data de 5 martie 2024.

Howell, Kerry, *Developing Conceptualizations of Europeanization and European Integration: Mixing Methodologies*, in ESRC Seminar Series / UACES Study Group on the Europeanization of British Politics, 2002, disponibil la: <http://aei.pitt.edu/1720/1/Howell.pdf>, accesat la data de 27 aprilie 2024.

Iacob, Dragoș Dumitru, *Romania and the Romanian Armed Forces: 20 years in NATO*, în Romanian Military Thinking, no. 1, 2024, p. 8, disponibil la: <https://engmr.mapn.ro/webroot/fileslib/upload/files/arhiva%20reviste/RMT/2024/1/IACOB.pdf>, accesat la data de 7 septembrie 2024.

Ikle, Fred Charles, *How Nations Negotiate*, Kraus Reprint, 1976, disponibil la https://books.google.co.uk/books/about/How_Nations_Negotiate.html?id=FoZCAAAAI_AAJ&redir_esc=y, accesat la data de 23.04.2024.

Ioan-Franc, Valeriu, Comisia de fundamentare a strategiei naționale de dezvoltare economică, *Declarația de la Snagov (1995)*, Centrul de informare și documentare economică, București, 2000, disponibil la: <https://www.cdep.ro/pdfs/snagov95.pdf>, accesat la data de 16 decembrie 2023.

Incalțărău, Cristian; Maha, Sorin, *Romania's EU Accession Impact on the Development of Romanian Economy*, CES Working Papers, Alexandru Ioan Cuza University of Iasi, Centre for European Studies, Vol. 2, No. 1, Iași, 2010.

Juzova, Jana, *Gradual integration process: towards restoring effectiveness and credibility of EU enlargement*, Analysis in EUROPEUM Institute for European Policy, 2023, p. 14, disponibil la: <https://europeum.org/data/articles/gradual-integration-process-towards-restoring-effectiveness-and-credibility-of-eu-enlargement-1.pdf>, accesat la data de 4 ianuarie 2024.

Kahraman, Sevilay, *The European Union and the challenge of enlargement*, in Marmara Journal of European Studies, Vol. 5, Nr. 1-2, 1997, disponibil la: <https://dergipark.org.tr/tr/download/article-file/1525>, accesat la data de 9 ianuarie 2024.

Karjalainen, Tyyne, *EU Enlargement in Wartime Europe. Three dimensions and scenarios*, Finnish Institute of International Affairs Working Paper, 2023, disponibil la: https://www.fii.a.fi/wp-content/uploads/2023/10/wp136_eu-enlargement-in-wartime-europe.pdf, accesat la data de 22 februarie 2024.

Lavadoux, Frank, Grasset, Marion-Valérie, „*Strategic planning tools for European negotiators to defend their national interests in the Council of the European Union*”, disponibil la https://www.eipa.eu/wp-content/uploads/2021/10/FLA_WorkingPaper2013_W_02.pdf, accesat la data de 23.04.2024.

Leppert, Rebecca, *How exactly do countries join the EU?*, in Pew Research Center, 2022, disponibil la: <https://www.pewresearch.org/short-reads/2022/07/26/how-exactly-do-countries-join-the-eu/>, accesat la data de 20 martie 2024.

Lippert, Barbara, EU Enlargement: Geopolitics Meets Integration Policy, in Stiftung Wiessenschaft und Politik Comment, no. 1, 2024, p. 4, disponibil la: <https://www.swp-berlin.org/10.18449/2024C01/>, accesat la data de 2 martie 2024.

Long, David, *The Why and How EU Enlargement*, Working Paper, No. 16, 1997, disponibil la: <https://www.files.ethz.ch/isn/46394/WP16.pdf>, accesat la data de 1 ianuarie 2024.

Ludlow, Piers, *Challenging French Leadership in Europe: Germany, Italy, the Netherlands and the Outbreak of the Empty Chair Crisis of 1965-1966*, in Contemporary European History, vol. 8, no. 2, 1999, disponibil la: <http://www.jstor.org/stable/20081703>, accesat la data de 30 decembrie 2023.

Ludlow, Piers, *European integration in the 1980s: on the way to Maastricht*, publicat în Journal of European integration history, 2012, disponibil la: <https://eprints.lse.ac.uk/46854/1/European%20integration%20in%20the%201980s%20%28lsero%29.pdf>, accesat la data de 21.08.2024.

Ludlow, Piers, *Hard-won but Vital: EU Enlargement in Historical Perspective*, in Luc-Andre Brunet, *The Crisis of EU enlargement*, IDEAS Special Reports, 2013, p. 13, disponibil la <https://www.lse.ac.uk/ideas/Assets/Documents/reports/LSE-IDEAS-Crisis-of-EU-Enlargement.pdf>, accesat la data de 7 ianuarie 2024.

Maresceau Marc, *Pre-accession*, in Marise Cremona (ed.), *The Enlargement of the European Union*, Oxford Academic, no. 22 Mar. 2012, disponibil online la: <https://doi.org/10.1093/acprof:oso/9780199260942.003.0002>, accesat la data de 13 aprilie 2024.

Marktler, Tanja, *The Power of the Copenhagen Criteria*, în Croatian Yearbook of European Law and Policy, nr. 2, 2006, disponibil la:

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/27212282_The_Power_of_the_Copenhagen_Criteria, accesat la data de 3 decembrie 2023.

Menant, Fabien, *Comment l'élargissement transforme-t-il l'Europe ?*, p. 9, disponibil la https://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/IMG/pdf/carnetscaps13fm_cle088174.pdf, accesat la data de 05 mai 2024.

Meunier, Sophie, Nicolaidis, Kalypso, *The European Union as a conflicted trade power*, in Journal of European Public Policy, Routledge Taylor_Francis Group, 2006, p. 907.

Miller, Vaughne, *How much legislation comes from Europe?*, Research paper 10/62, 2010, disponibil la: <https://researchbriefings.files.parliament.uk/documents/RP10-62/RP10-62.pdf>, accesat la data de 10 iunie 2023.

Moravcsik, Andrew, *Negotiating the Single European Act: national interests and conventional statecraft in the European Community*, disponibil la <https://www.princeton.edu/~amoravcs/library/sea.pdf>, accesat la data de 22.08.2024.

Mureșan, Liviu, (coord.), *Politica europeană de securitate și apărare – element de influențare a acțiunilor României în domeniul politicii de Securitate și apărare*, Studiu nr. 4, Institutul European din România, București, 2004, p. 65, disponibil la: http://ier.gov.ro/wp-content/uploads/publicatii/Pais2_studiu_4_ro.pdf, accesat la data de 30 august 2024.

Neville, Ann (coord.), *Ireland and Denmark in the EU. Fiftieth anniversary of accession*, in European Union History Series, European Parliamentary Research Service, 2022, disponibil online la: [https://www.europarl.europa.eu/RegData/etudes/BRIE/2022/698877/EPRS_BRI\(2022\)698877_EN.pdf](https://www.europarl.europa.eu/RegData/etudes/BRIE/2022/698877/EPRS_BRI(2022)698877_EN.pdf), accesat la data de 7 aprilie 2024.

Nicolaides, Phedon, *Negotiating effectively for accession to the European Union: realistic expectations, feasible targets, credible arguments*, EIPA Scope, No. 1, 1998, disponibil la: http://aei.pitt.edu/778/1/scop98_1_2.pdf, accesat la data de 1 mai 2024.

O'Brennan, John, *Enlargement Fatigue and its Impact on the Enlargement Process in the Western Balkans*, in Luc-Andre Brunet, *op. cit.*, IDEAS Special Reports, 2013, disponibil la <https://www.lse.ac.uk/ideas/Assets/Documents/reports/LSE-IDEAS-Crisis-of-EU-Enlargement.pdf>, accesat la data de 7 ianuarie 2024.

O'Brennan, John, *On the slow train to nowhere? The European Union, 'enlargement fatigue' and the western Balkans*, in European Foreign Affairs Review, 19 no. 2, 2014, disponibil la: <https://core.ac.uk/download/pdf/297023653.pdf>, accesat la data de 7 ianuarie 2024.

Olli, Rehn, *Enlargement of the European Union – the Tasks and Challenges Ahead*, in *Medzinárodné Otázky* 14, no. 1 2005, disponibil la: <http://www.jstor.org/stable/44963598>, accesat la data de 9 februarie 2024.

Olsen, Johan, *The many faces of Europeanization*, *Journal of Common Market Studies*, Volume 40 (5), Oxford, p. 923, apud Schneider Moritz, Europeanization beyond the EU: The Dynamics of Europeanization in the Southern Mediterranean Partner States, in *L'Europe en Formation*, vol. 356, no. 2, 2010.

Papadimitriou, Dimitris; Gateva, Eli, *Between Enlargement-led Europeanisation and Balkan Exceptionalism: an appraisal of Bulgaria's and Romania's entry into the European Union*, GreeSE Paper No. 25, Hellenic Observatory Papers on Greece and Southeast Europe, 2009.

Petrică, Bogdana, *L'adhésion à l'Union européenne, les négociations entre le Centre et la Périphérie*, disponibil la https://www.ssoar.info/ssoar/bitstream/handle/document/37856/ssoar-annunivbuch-2009-petrica-Ladhesion_a_lUnion_europeenne_les.pdf?sequence=1, accesat la data de 19 aprilie 2024.

Petrov, Roman, *The External Dimension of the Acquis Communautaire*, European University Institute Max Weber Programme, EUI Working Paper MWP No. 2007/02, disponibil la: https://www.researchgate.net/publication/228322952_The_External_Dimension_of_the_Acquis_Communautaire, accesat la data de 1 iunie 2023.

Pirro, Ellen; Zeff, Eleanor, *Europeanization, European Integration, and Globalization*, *The Whitehead Journal of Diplomacy and International Relations*, 2005, disponibil la: https://ciatatest.cc.columbia.edu/olj/shjdir/v6n1/shjdir_v6n1k.pdf, accesat la data de 22 aprilie 2024.

Pisani-Ferry, Jean (coord), *One size does not fit all: European integration by differentiation*, PolicyBrief in Bruegel, 2018, disponibil la: <https://www.bruegel.org/policy-brief/one-size-does-not-fit-all-european-integration-differentiation>, accesat la data de 23 februarie 2024.

Piedrafita, Sonia; Torreblanca, Jose, *The three logics of EU enlargement: interests, identities and arguments*, in *Politique Européenne*, Vol. 15, no. 1, 2005, disponibil la:

<https://www.cairn.info/revue-politique-europeenne-2005-1-page-29.htm>, accesat la data de 01 ianuarie 2024.

Pollack, Mark, *Europe united? The impact of the EU's eastern enlargement, five year on*, in Sage Journals, Vol. 8, Issue 2, disponibil la: <https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/10.1007/s12290-009-0100-z>, accesat la data de 30 martie 2024.

Pop, Ioan-Aurel, *Vocația occidentală a românilor*, în Jurnalul Istoriei și Geografiei PLURAL, Vol. III, nr. 2, Chișinău, 2015, disponibil online: <https://plural.upsc.md/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/16-Ioan-Aurel-Pop.pdf>, accesat la data de 1 octombrie 2023.

Popescu, Andrei, *Rolul Consiliului Legislativ în procesul armonizării legislației române cu acquis-ul comunitar. Realități și perspective*, în Sorin Popescu (coord.), Consiliul Legislativ - 10 ani de activitate (Studii, opinii, informări), Buletin de informare legislativă, nr. 1, București, 2006, p. 17, disponibil la: http://www.clr.ro/download/buletine/buletin_informare_legislativa_2006/Buletin_1_2006.pdf, accesat la data de 14 august 2024.

Preston, Christopher, *Enlargement and Integration in the European Union*, Ed. Routledge, Londra, 1997, disponibil la: <https://www.taylorfrancis.com/books/mono/10.4324/9780203195871/enlargement-integration-european-union-david-clark>, accesat la data de 17 decembrie 2023.

Reljić, Dušan, *European Union and its enlargement policy – European Purgatory in Four Circles*, in The Balkans in Europe Policy Advisory Group (BiEPAG), 2023, disponibil la: <https://www.biепаг.eu/blog/european-union-and-its-enlargement-policy-european-purgatory-in-four-circles/>, accesat la data de 20 martie 2024.

Sadeleer, Katja, *Accession negotiations in the areas of Chapter 2 “Freedom of movement for workers” and Chapter 19 “Social policy and employment”*, disponibil la https://www.coe.int/t/dg3/sscssr/Source/POD_KATJA.pdf, accesat la data de 06.05.2024.

Salm, Christian, *The European Parliament and Greece's accession to the European Community*, Briefing in European Parliament History Series, 2021, disponibil la: [https://www.europarl.europa.eu/RegData/etudes/BRIE/2021/679064/EPRI_BRI\(2021\)679064_EN.pdf](https://www.europarl.europa.eu/RegData/etudes/BRIE/2021/679064/EPRI_BRI(2021)679064_EN.pdf), accesat la data de 12 ianuarie 2024.

Scarpitta, Lara, *Justice and Home Affairs and Romania's Accession to the European Union*, Octombrie 2008, disponibil la <https://etheses.bham.ac.uk/id/eprint/473/>, accesat la data de 08 mai 2024.

Schimmelfennig, Frank, Sedelmeier, Ulrich, *The Politics of EU Enlargement: Theoretical and Comparative Perspectives*, in Frank Schimmelfennig and Ulrich Sedelmeier (eds), *The Politics of European Union Enlargement: Theoretical Approaches*, New York : Routledge, 2005, *Routledge Advances in European Politics*, Vol. 30, disponibil la: <https://hdl.handle.net/1814/3521>, accesat la data de 21 martie 2024.

Schizas, Emmanuel; Vidali, Mara, Saravakos, Constantinos, *Does accession process to European Union lead to more economic freedom? Empirical evidence on the EU enlargement between 2000 and 2007*, in Constantinos Saravakos, *Eu accession and economic Freedom: an emirical analysis of the effect of EU membership and its antecedents on economic freedom*, Published by the European Liberal Forum (ELF), Athens, 2020, disponibil la: <https://liberalforum.eu/wp-content/uploads/2021/07/EU-Accession-and-Economic-Freedom.pdf>, accesat la data de 20 ianuarie 2024.

Sedelmeier, Ulrich, *Europe after the Eastern Enlargement of the European Union: 2004-2014*, in Heinrich Boll Stiftung, 2014, disponibil la: <https://eu.boell.org/en/2014/06/10/europe-after-eastern-enlargement-european-union-2004-2014>, accesat la data de 05 ianuarie 2024.

Seperic, Darko, *To Europe and back – The Croatian EU accession process and its outcomes*, in SEER Journal for Labour and Social Affairs in Eastern Europe, nr. 4, 2011, disponibil la: https://www.nomos-elibrary.de/10.5771/1435-2869-2011-4-463.pdf?download_full_pdf=1, accesat la data de 15 ianuarie 2024.

Silva, Stephen; Beers Sampson, Aaron, *Acquis Communautaire and European Exceptionalism: A Genealogy*, în ACES Working Paper 2003, CES Working Paper Series, 2003, disponibil la: <http://aei.pitt.edu/8961/1/2003.1.pdf>, accesat la data de 2 iunie 2023.

Spinant, Daniela, *Vedrine big bang bid sparks controversy and joy*, in EUobserver, 2001, disponibil la: <https://euobserver.com/news/4254>, accesat la data de 26 martie 2024.

Stanicek B., Przetacznik; Albaladejo Roman, *Enlargement policy: Reforms and challenges ahead*. EPRS, European Parliamentary Research Service. Briefing, 2020, disponibil la: [https://www.europarl.europa.eu/RegData/etudes/BRIE/2023/757575/EPBS_BRI\(2023\)75755_EN.pdf](https://www.europarl.europa.eu/RegData/etudes/BRIE/2023/757575/EPBS_BRI(2023)75755_EN.pdf), accesat la data de 15 februarie 2024.

Stănescu, Simona Maria, *International negotiations as strategic factors with influence on the configuration of the social policy in Romania*, în Calitatea Vieții, XXV, nr. 4, 2014, disponibil la: <http://www.revistacalitateavietii.ro/2014/CV-4-2014/08.pdf>, accesat la data de 10 mai 2024.

Stănescu, Vasile, *Societatea civilă în fața globalizării*, ESEN-2 Integrarea României în Uniunea Europeană, Academia Română, București, 2015, disponibil la: http://www.cide.ro/caiet_10.pdf, accesat la data de 16 mai 2024.

Stratulat, Corina; Lavrelashvili, Teona, *From rhetoric to action on enlargement: A three-pronged way forward*, Commentary in European Policy Centre, 2023, disponibil la: <https://www.epc.eu/en/Publications/From-rhetoric-to-action-on-enlargement-A-three-pronged-way-forward~538cac>, accesat la data de 9 ianuarie 2024.

Surubaru, Neculai-Cristian; Nitou, Cristian, *One decade onwards: assessing the impact of European Union membership on Bulgaria and Romania*, in *European Politics and Society* 22:2, disponibil la: <https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/15705850902899156>, accesat la data de 26 martie 2024.

Szolucha, Anna, *The EU and Enlargement Fatigue: Why Has the European Union Not Been Able to Counter Enlargement Fatigue?*, in *Journal of Contemporary European Research*, Vol. 6, Issue 1, 2010, p.1, disponibil la: https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/dd03/2e2dbc92e6ba67a9b7091f32c7da5e26c7bd.pdf?_gl=1*wjdpop*_ga*Mjc1NzI5MTYyLjE3MDQyMTE2NDg.*_ga_H7P4ZT52H5*MTcwNDY0OTA0Ny4yLjAuMTcwNDY0OTA0OC41OS4wLjA, accesat la data de 05 ianuarie 2024.

Terpan, Fabien, *Soft Law in the European Union - The Changing Nature of EU Law*, în *European Law Journal*, nr. 21 (1), 2015, disponibil la: https://shs.hal.science/halshs-00911460/preview/SPGWP_N7.pdf, accesat la data de 9 iunie 2023.

Tilev, Dragan, *The New EU Enlargement Methodology, Enhancing the Enlargement Process*, 2020, disponibil la <https://idscs.org.mk/en/portfolio/the-new-eu-enlargement-methodology-enhancing-the-accession-process/>, accesat la data de 06.05.2024.

Tilev, Dragan; Nechev, Zoran; Međak, Vladimir; Çela, Alba; Emini, Donika; Džananović, Nedžma; Mumin, Nikola and Gjeta, Altin., *The European Union New Methodology and its*

long-term impact on accession negotiations, mai 2021, disponibil la https://humanityinaction.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/02/A5_The-European-Union-New-Methodology-and-its-long-term-impact-on-accession-negotiations.pdf, accesat la data de 08.05.2024.

Titievskaia, Jana, *EU Trade Policy: Frequently Asked Questions*, In-Depth Analysis, European Parliamentary Research Service, Brussels, 2019, pp. 5-6, disponibil la: [https://www.europarl.europa.eu/RegData/etudes/IDAN/2019/642229/EPRS_IDA\(2019\)642229_EN.pdf](https://www.europarl.europa.eu/RegData/etudes/IDAN/2019/642229/EPRS_IDA(2019)642229_EN.pdf), accesat la data de 10 august 2024.

Vidotto Labastie, Cecilia, *The EU Enlargement Process*, Institut Montaigne, 2023, disponibil online la: <https://www.institutmontaigne.org/en/expressions/eu-enlargement-process>, accesat la data de 10 martie 2024.

Vinhas de Souza, Lucio, *Unresolved business: Enlarging the EU towards Moldova and Ukraine (and perhaps Georgia)*, in The Centre for Economic Policy Research (CEPR), disponibil la: <https://cepr.org/voxeu/columns/unresolved-business-enlarging-eu-towards-moldova-and-ukraine-and-perhaps-georgia>, accesat la data de 2 februarie 2024.

Woyke, Wichard, *Germany and the EU-Eastern Enlargement*, in Wilfried Loth, Nicolae Păun, Disintegration and Integration in East-Central Europe (1919-post-1989), Nomos Verlagsgesellschaft Publishing House, disponibil la: https://www.jstor.org/stable/pdf/j.ctv941wbr.26.pdf?refreqid=fasty-default%3A39b550dfc5dd9e04ff42f8c52f618dac&ab_segments=0%2Fbasic_search_gsv%2Fcontrol&origin=&initiator=search-results&acceptTC=1, accesat la data de 01 ianuarie 2024.

Ziller, Jacques, *Integration of the Acquis Communautaire into the legal order of new and future member states*, în Comisia Europeană for Democracy through Law (Venice Commission), The impact of the enlarged European Union on new member states and prospects for further enlargement, 2005, disponibil la: [https://www.venice.coe.int/webforms/documents/default.aspx?pdffile=CDL-UDT\(2005\)032-e](https://www.venice.coe.int/webforms/documents/default.aspx?pdffile=CDL-UDT(2005)032-e), accesat la data de 1 decembrie 2023.

4. Documents

Actul unic European, disponibil la: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:11986U/TXT>, accesat la data de 1 iunie 2023.

Banka Slovenije, *History of economic integration in the EU*, disponibil la: <https://www.bsi.si/en/about-us/eurosystem/economic-and-monetary-union/history-of-economic-integration-in-the-eu>, accesat la data de 21 august 2024.

Comisia Europeană, 1998 Regular Report from the Commission on Romania's Progress Towards Accession, pp. 41-42, disponibil la: https://neighbourhood-enlargement.ec.europa.eu/document/download/68d1b012-9821-43e7-9c1f-efd3b2984878_en?filename=romania_en.pdf, accesat la data de 23 iulie 2024.

Comisia Europeană, 1999 Regular Report from the Commission on Romania's Progress Towards Accession, pp. 56-57, disponibil la: https://neighbourhood-enlargement.ec.europa.eu/document/download/d3e682dd-c422-4177-9d78-5a4dbd371861_en?filename=romania_en.pdf, accesat la data de 23 iulie 2024.

Comisia Europeană, 2000 Regular Report from the Commission on Romania's Progress Towards Accession, pp. 79-80, disponibil la: https://neighbourhood-enlargement.ec.europa.eu/document/download/0d44c2c4-8bb8-4333-a3c4-9e9674404876_en?filename=ro_en.pdf, accesat la data de 25 iulie 2024.

Comisia Europeană, 2001 Regular Report from the Commission on Romania's Progress Towards Accession, pp. 91-92, disponibil la: https://neighbourhood-enlargement.ec.europa.eu/document/download/5938630a-8544-47bb-98fd-d35fc629f32d_en?filename=ro_en.pdf&prefLang=et, accesat la data de 25 iulie 2024.

Comisia Europeană, 2002 Regular Report from the Commission on Romania's Progress Towards Accession, pp. 117-119, disponibil la: https://mfinante.gov.ro/documents/35673/228074/regular_report2002.pdf, accesat la data de 25 iulie 2024.

Comisia Europeană, 2003 Regular Report from the Commission on Romania's Progress Towards Accession, pp. 109-111, disponibil la: https://mfinante.gov.ro/documents/35673/228074/regular_report2003.pdf, accesat la data de 25 iulie 2024.

Comisia Europeană, 2004 Regular Report from the Commission on Romania's Progress Towards Accession, pp. 134-136, disponibil la: https://mfinante.gov.ro/documents/35673/228074/regular_rep_ro_041006.pdf, accesat la data de 25 iulie 2024.

Comisia Europeană, Romania 2005 Comprehensive Monitoring Report, Brussels, pp. 74-74, disponibil la: https://neighbourhood-enlargement.ec.europa.eu/document/download/55f8b573-3cf3-4fc1-a05a-12a0cb546b72_en?filename=sec1354_cmr_master_ro_college_en.pdf&prefLang=ro, accesat la data de 26 iulie 2024.

Comisia Europeană, *ABC-ul dreptului Uniunii Europene*, Martie 2023, disponibil la <https://op.europa.eu/webpub/com/abc-of-eu-law/ro/>, accesat la data de 20 aprilie 2024.

Comisia Europeană, Agenda 2000 – *Volume I – Communication: For a stronger and wider Union*, Strasbourg, 1997, disponibil la: https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/DOC_97_6, accesat la data de 10 iunie 2023.

Comisia Europeană, Agenda 2000 – *Commission Opinion on Romania's Application for Membership of the European Union*, Brussels, 1997, disponibil la: https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/DOC_97_18, accesat la data de 10 mai 2024.

Comisia Europeană, *Commission prepares for pre-enlargement reforms and policy reviews*, Press release, 20 martie 2024, disponibil la: https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/ip_24_1568, accesat la data de 20 martie 2024.

Comisia Europeană, Comunicare către Parlamentul European, Consiliu, Comitetul Economic și Social și Comitetul Regiunilor, „Consolidarea procesului de aderare – O perspectivă credibilă de aderare la UE pentru Balcanii de Vest, COM (2020) 57, Bruxelles, 5 februarie 2020.

Comisia Europeană, Comunicarea din 2023 privind politica de extindere a UE către Parlamentul European, Consiliu, Comitetul Economic și Social European și Comitetul Regiunilor, COM (2023) 690, Bruxelles, 2023.

Comisia Europeană, *Continuing enlargement – Strategy paper and Report for the EC on the progress towards accession by Bulgaria, Romania and Turkey*, COM (2003) 676, 2003, disponibil la: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A52003DC0676>, accesat la data de 10 mai 2024.

Comisia Europeană, Directorate-General for Economic and Financial Affairs, *Five years of an enlarged EU: Economic achievements and challenges*, European Economy no. 1, 2009, p. 6, disponibil la: https://neighbourhood-enlargement.ec.europa.eu/system/files/2019-01/publication14078_en.pdf, accesat la data de 2 martie 2024.

Comisia Europeană, Direcția Generală de Extindere – Republica Cehă, Ungaria, Slovacia, Slovenia, Echipa Ungaria, despre *Libera circulație a persoanelor – Ghid practic pentru o Uniune Europeană extinsă*, disponibil la http://europa.eu.int/comm/enlargement/negotiations/chapters/chap2/free_movement_of_persons_fr.pdf, accesat la data de 25 aprilie 2024.

Comisia Europeană, Eurobarometru Standard 100, octombrie 2023-noiembrie 2023, publicat în decembrie 2023, disponibil la: <https://europa.eu/eurobarometer/surveys/detail/3053>, accesat la data de 16 decembrie 2023.

Comisia Europeană, Commission Opinion on Romania's application for membership of the European Union, 1997, p. 36, disponibil la: <https://op.europa.eu/en/publication-detail-/publication/1a2a76c3-ce04-4176-9a70-be6379679d22>, accesat la data de 1 decembrie 2023.

Comisia Europeană, Ghid practic pentru o Uniune Europeană extinsă, disponibil la http://europa.eu.int/comm/enlargement/negotiations/chapters/chap2/free_movement_of_persons_fr.pdf, accesat la data de 05 mai 2024.

Comisia Europeană, *Reports on progress towards accession by each of the candidate countries*, Composite Paper, 17 December 1998, disponibil la: http://aei.pitt.edu/44636/1/composite_1998.pdf, accesat la data de 22 mai 2024.

Comisia Europeană, Rapoartele anuale ale Comisiei cu privire la monitorizarea aplicării dreptului Uniunii Europene pot fi consultate aici https://commission.europa.eu/publications/annual-reports-monitoring-application-eu-law_en, accesat la data de 26 august 2024.

Comisia Europeană, *Understanding Enlargement, The European Union's enlargement policy*, disponibil la:

https://www.ab.gov.tr/files/ardb/evt/1_avrupa_birligi/1_6_raporlar/1_3_diger/enlargement/European_Commission_Understanding_Enlargement_The_European_Unions_enlargement_policy.pdf, accesat la data de 01 mai 2024.

Comisia Europeană, *The Period of Reflection and Plan D* (Com(2006) 212, p. 1, disponibil la: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=COM:2006:0212:FIN:EN:PDF>, accesat la data de 3 martie 2024.

Comisia Europeană, *Towards the enlargend Union, Strategy Paper and Report on the Comisia Europeană on the progress towards accession by each of the candidate countries*, Brussels, 9.10.2002, COM(2002) 700 final, p. 30, disponibil la: http://aei.pitt.edu/44640/1/strategy_2002.pdf, accesat la data de 20 mai 2024.

Concluziile Președinției Consiliului (Danemarca) din 20 aprilie 1979, Anexa D, disponibil la: https://www.consilium.europa.eu/media/20773/copenhagen_april_1978_eng.pdf, accesat la data de 12 ianuarie 2024.

Concluziile Președenției Consiliului European de la Essen, decembrie 1994, disponibil la <http://ue.eu.int/newsroom/LoadDoc.asp?BID=76&DID=54761&from=&LANG=9>, accesat la data de 02 mai 2024.

Concluziile Președinției Daneze din 21-22 iunie 1993, pot fi consultate accesând următorul link: <https://www.europarl.europa.eu/enlargementnew/europeancouncil/pdf/copen.pdf>, accesat la data de 3 decembrie 2023.

Consiliul Uniunii Europene, *Conclusions of the Presidency, Brussels Consiliul European, 16-17.12.2004*, disponibil la: https://www.consilium.europa.eu/ueDocs/cms_Data/docs/pressData/en/ec/83201.pdf, accesat la data de 21 aprilie 2024.

Documentele Consiliului European de la Maastricht (9-10 decembrie 1991), disponibil online la http://aei.pitt.edu/1418/1/Maastricht_dec_1991.pdf, accesat la data de 13 ianuarie 2024.

Documents concerning the accession of the Hellenic Republic to the European Communities, Official Journal of the European Union, L 291, Volume 22, 19 November 1979, disponibil la: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=OJ:L:1979:291:TOC>, accesat la data de 2 iunie 2023.

Documents concerning the accession of the Kingdom of Spain and the Portuguese Republic to the European Communities, Official Journal of the European Union, L 302, Volume 28, 15

November 1985, disponibil la: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/HTML/?uri=OJ:L:1985:302:FULL&from=EN>, accesat la data de 2 iunie 2023.

EUR-Lex, „*Criteriile de aderare (criteriile de la Copenhaga)*”, disponibil la <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/RO/legal-content/glossary/acquisition-criteria-copenhagen-criteria.html>, accesat la data de 01 iunie 2024.

EUR-Lex, *Extinderea din 2004: provocarea ridicată de o Uniune Europeană cu 25 de membri*, disponibil la <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/RO/legal-content/summary/the-2004-enlargement-the-challenge-of-a-25-member-eu.html>, accesat la data de 04.05.2024.

Consiliul European, Conclusions of the Presidency, Cologne, 3-4.12.1999, disponibil la: https://www.europarl.europa.eu/summits/koll_en.htm, accesat la data de 21 aprilie 2024.

Consiliul European, Conclusions of the Presidency, Helsinki 10-11.12.1999, disponibil la: <https://www.europarl.europa.eu/summits/hell1en.htm>, accesat la data de 21 aprilie 2024.

Consiliul European, Conclusions of the Presidency, Luxembourg, 12-13.12.1997, disponibil la: https://www.europarl.europa.eu/summits/lux1_en.htm, accesat la data de 21 aprilie 202.

Consiliul European, Conclusions of the Presidency, Seville, 21-22.06.2002, disponibil la <https://www.consilium.europa.eu/media/20928/72638.pdf>, accesat la data de 23 mai 2024.

Consiliul European, Copenhagen, 12 and 13 December 2002, Presidency Conclusions, disponibil online la: <https://www.consilium.europa.eu/media/20906/73842.pdf>, accesat la data de 11 ianuarie 2024.

Consiliul European, Rome, 14 and 15 December 1990, Presidency Conclusions (Part 2), concerning relations with the Soviet Union and the countries of Central and Eastern Europe, disponibil online la: https://www.consilium.europa.eu/media/20545/1990_december_rome_eng_part_ii.pdf, accesat la data de 11 ianuarie 2024.

Consiliul European, *Foreign Relations, „New poll: Europeans open to Ukraine joining the EU despite security risks, but cool on further enlargement of the bloc ahead of crucial Consiliul European Summit”*, disponibil la: <https://ecfr.eu/publication/europeans-open-to-ukraine-joining-the-eu-despite-security-risks/>, accesat la data de 29 martie 2024.

Consiliul Suprem de Apărare a Țării, Raportul CSAT privind activitatea desfășurată în anul 2007, p. 6.

Consiliul Suprem de Apărare a Țării, Raportul CSAT privind activitatea desfășurată în anul 2008,
pp. 6-7.

Consiliul Suprem de Apărare a Țării, Raportul CSAT privind activitatea desfășurată în anul 2009,
pp. 8-9.

Consiliul Suprem de Apărare a Țării, Raportul CSAT privind activitatea desfășurată în anul 2010,
pp. 9-10.

Consiliul Suprem de Apărare a Țării, Raportul CSAT privind activitatea desfășurată în anul 2011,
pp. 5-6.

Consiliul Suprem de Apărare a Țării, Raportul CSAT privind activitatea desfășurată în anul 2012,
pp. 9-10.

Consiliul Suprem de Apărare a Țării, Raportul CSAT privind activitatea desfășurată în anul 2013,
pp. 14-16.

Consiliul Suprem de Apărare a Țării, Raportul CSAT privind activitatea desfășurată în anul 2014,
pp. 16-17.

Consiliul Suprem de Apărare a Țării, Raportul CSAT privind activitatea desfășurată în anul 2015,
pp. 21-22.

Consiliul Suprem de Apărare a Țării, Raportul CSAT privind activitatea desfășurată în anul 2016,
p. 14.

Consiliul Suprem de Apărare a Țării, Raportul CSAT privind activitatea desfășurată în anul 2017,
pp. 15-16.

Consiliul Suprem de Apărare a Țării, Raportul CSAT privind activitatea desfășurată în anul 2018.

Consiliul Suprem de Apărare a Țării, Raportul CSAT privind activitatea desfășurată în anul 2019.

Consiliul Suprem de Apărare a Țării, Raportul CSAT privind activitatea desfășurată în anul 2020.

European University Institute, Florence, Robert Schuman Centre, "*Preparing for the Acquis Communautaire: Report of the Working Group on the Eastward Enlargement of the European Union*," Chairman: Horst Gunter Krenzler, Rapporteur: Michelle Everson, Policy Papers, RSC No. 98/6 preparing for the Acquis Communautaire (Florence: European University Institute, 1998), 30 April - 1 May 1998, disponibil la: file:///Users/liviu-vasileserban/Downloads/1998_EUI%20WP_Policy_papers_006-1.pdf, accesat la data de 5 iunie 2023.

Eurostat, *EU population increases again after two years decrease*, 11 July 2023, disponibil la: <https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/products-eurostat-news/w/edn-20230711-1>, accesat la data de 20 martie 2024.

Glosarul UE poate fi consultat accesând link-ul următor: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/EN/legal-content/glossary/acquis.html>, accesat la data de 2 iulie 2023.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, Doi ani de la declanșarea războiului de agresiune al Federației Ruse împotriva Ucrainei, Comunicat de presă, 2024, disponibil la: <https://www.mae.ro/node/64136>, accesat la data de 10 septembrie 2024.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, Poziția României referitoare la anexarea ilegală de către Rusia a unor teritorii ucrainene, Comunicat de presă, 2022, disponibil la: <http://moscova.mae.ro/romania-news/7776>, accesat la data de 10 septembrie 2024.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, Program multianual strategic privind cooperarea internațională pentru dezvoltare și asistență umanitară în perioada 2020-2023, disponibil la: https://www.mae.ro/sites/default/files/file/anul_2020/pdf_2020/program_multianual_strategic_2020_2023_ro.pdf, accesat la data de 10 septembrie 2024.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, Program multianual strategic de cooperare internațională pentru dezvoltare și asistență umanitară în perioada 2024-2027, disponibil la: https://www.mae.ro/sites/default/files/file/anul_2024/pdf_2024/program_multianual_strategic_2024-2027_final.pdf, accesat la data de 10 septembrie 2024.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, Raportul național privind asistența pentru dezvoltare acordată de România în 2015, disponibil la: https://www.mae.ro/sites/default/files/file/anul_2021/2021_pdf/raport_national_privind_asistenta_oficiala_pentru_dezvoltare_acordata_de_romania_in_2015.pdf, accesat la data de 10 septembrie 2024, pp. 21-28.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, Raportul național privind asistența pentru dezvoltare acordată de România în 2016, disponibil la: https://www.mae.ro/sites/default/files/file/anul_2021/2021_pdf/raport_national_privind_asistenta_oficiala_pentru_dezvoltare_acordata_de_romania_in_2016.pdf, accesat la data de 10 septembrie 2024, pp. 7-13.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, Raportul național privind asistența pentru dezvoltare acordată de România în 2017, disponibil la:
https://www.mae.ro/sites/default/files/file/anul_2021/2021_pdf/raport_national_privind_asistenta_oficiala_pentru_dezvoltare_acordata_de_romania_in_2017.pdf, accesat la data de 10 septembrie 2024, pp. 14-17.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, Raportul național privind asistența pentru dezvoltare acordată de România în 2018, disponibil la:
https://www.mae.ro/sites/default/files/file/anul_2021/2021_pdf/raport_national_privind_asistenta_oficiala_pentru_dezvoltare_acordata_de_romania_in_2018.pdf, accesat la data de 10 septembrie 2024, pp. 17-19.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, Raportul național privind asistența pentru dezvoltare acordată de România în 2019, disponibil la:
https://www.mae.ro/sites/default/files/file/anul_2021/2021_pdf/raport_national_privind_asistenta_oficiala_pentru_dezvoltare_acordata_de_romania_in_2019.pdf, accesat la data de 10 septembrie 2024, pp. 1-5.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, Raportul național privind asistența pentru dezvoltare acordată de România în 2020, disponibil la:
https://www.mae.ro/sites/default/files/file/anul_2022/2022_pdf/raport_national_aod_2020_ro.pdf, accesat la data de 10 septembrie 2024, pp. 3-6.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, Raportul național privind asistența pentru dezvoltare acordată de România în 2021, disponibil la:
https://www.mae.ro/sites/default/files/file/anul_2023/pdf_2023/2023.03.15_raport_aod_2021.pdf, pp. 33-34.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, Raportul național privind asistența pentru dezvoltare acordată de România în 2022, disponibil la:
https://www.mae.ro/sites/default/files/file/2024.01.29_raport_national_2022.pdf, pp. 43-45.

Ministerul Apărării Naționale, Carta Albă a Apărării, București, 2021, p. 14, disponibil la:
<https://sgg.gov.ro/1/wp-content/uploads/2021/03/CARTA-ALBA-A-APARARII-.pdf>, accesat la data de 4 septembrie 2024.

Ministerul Apărării Naționale, Raport privind activitatea desfășurată pentru anul 2010, în Monitorul Oficial nr. 144 din 9 mai 2011.

Ministerul Apărării Naționale, Raport privind activitatea desfășurată pentru anul 2011, în Monitorul Oficial nr. 358 din 11 octombrie 2012.

Ministerul Apărării Naționale, Raport privind activitatea desfășurată pentru anul 2012, în Monitorul Oficial nr. 408 din 10 octombrie 2013.

Ministerul Apărării Naționale, Raport privind activitatea desfășurată pentru anul 2013, în Monitorul Oficial nr. 457 din 7 august 2014.

Ministerul Apărării Naționale, Raport privind activitatea desfășurată pentru anul 2014, în Monitorul Oficial nr. 491 din 19 mai 2015.

Ministerul Apărării Naționale, Raport privind activitatea desfășurată pentru anul 2015, în Monitorul Oficial nr. 703 din 7 iunie 2015.

Ministerul Apărării Naționale, Raport privind activitatea desfășurată pentru anul 2016, în Monitorul Oficial nr. 533 din 21 aprilie 2017.

Ministerul Apărării Naționale, Raport privind activitatea desfășurată pentru anul 2017, în Monitorul Oficial nr. 650 din 3 iulie 2018.

Ministerul Apărării Naționale, Raport privind activitatea desfășurată pentru anul 2018, în Monitorul Oficial nr. 566 din 27 mai 2019.

Ministerul Apărării Naționale, Raport privind activitatea desfășurată pentru anul 2019, în Monitorul Oficial nr. 415 din 29 iunie 2020.

Ministerul Apărării Naționale, Raport privind activitatea desfășurată pentru anul 2020, în Monitorul Oficial nr. 552 din 18 iunie 2021.

Ministerul Apărării Naționale, Raport privind activitatea desfășurată pentru anul 2021, în Monitorul Oficial nr. 965 din 28 iulie 2022.

Ministerul Apărării Naționale, Raport privind activitatea desfășurată pentru anul 2022, în Monitorul Oficial nr. 220 din 24 mai 2023.

Ministerul Integrării Europene, Document de Politică și Strategie pentru anul 2002 și perspectiva 2003-2005, Anexa nr. 3/14, p. 2, disponibil la:
https://www.cdep.ro/proiecte/2001/500/60/3/anexa03_14_563.pdf, accesat la data de 23 mai 2024.

Office for Official Publications of the European Communities, Glossary – The reform of European Union in 150 definitions, Luxemburg, 1997, disponibil la: <https://termcoord.eu/wp-content/uploads/2016/07/glossary-the-reform-of-the-EU-in-150-definitions.pdf>, accesat la data de 10 iunie 2023.

Opinia Comisiei din 23 mai 1979 cu privire la cererea de aderare a Greciei la Comunitățile Europene, disponibil la: https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv:OJ.L_.1979.291.01.0003.01.ENG&toc=OJ:L:1979:291:TO_C, accesat la data de 13 ianuarie 2024.

Programul Național de Aderare la Uniunea Europeană, Vol. I, București, Iunie 2001, pp. 289-291, disponibil la: http://arhiva.gov.ro/programul-national-de-aderare-la-uniunea-europeana_11a100009.html, accesat la data de 11 august 2024.

Robert Schuman, Declaration of 9 May, 1950, Fondation Robert Schuman, disponibil la: <https://www.robert-schuman.eu/en/declaration-of-9-may-1950>, accesat la data de 21 martie 2024.

Special Meeting of the Consiliul European, reproduced from the Bulletin of the European Communities, no. 4/1990, Central and Eastern Europe, par. 1.8., disponibil la: http://aei.pitt.edu/1397/1/Dublin_april_1990.pdf, accesat la data de 10 aprilie 2024.

Strategia Națională de Apărare a Țării din 2006, București, 2006, p. 30, disponibil la: http://www.zulean.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/11/Strategia_nationala_de_aparare2010.pdf, accesat la data de 10 aprilie 2024.

Strategia Națională de Apărare a Țării din 2010, București, 2010, p. 15, disponibil la: http://www.zulean.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/11/Strategia_nationala_de_aparare2010.pdf, accesat la data de 8 aprilie 2024.

Strategia Națională de Apărare a Țării pentru perioada 2015-2019, București, 2015, p. 4, disponibilă la: https://www.presidency.ro/files/userfiles/Strategia_Nationala_de_Aparare_a_Tarii_1.pdf, accesat la data de 10 aprilie 2024.

Strategia Națională de Apărare a Țării pentru perioada 2020-2024, București, 2020,, pct. 4, disponibil la:

https://www.presidency.ro/files/userfiles/Documente/Strategia_Nationala_de_Aparare_a_Tarii_2020_2024.pdf, accesat la data de 10 aprilie 2024.

The NATO-EU Strategic Partnership, 2004, p. 3, disponibil la: <https://www.nato.int/docu/comm/2004/06-istanbul/press-kit/006.pdf>, accesat la data de 6 septembrie 2024.

The Hague Summit: Completion, Enlargement, Deepening, Meeting of the Heads of state or government, Hague, 1-2 Demeber, 1969, disponibil la: http://aei.pitt.edu/1451/1/hague_1969.pdf, accesat la data de 04 ianuarie 2024.

Tratatul de Înființare a Comunității Europene a Energiei Atomice, disponibilă la: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/HTML/?uri=OJ:C:2016:203:FULL>, accesat la data de 1 iunie 2023.

Treaty Establishing The European Coal and Steel Community and Annexes I-III, Paris, 18 April 1991, disponibil la: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:11951K:EN:PDF>, accesat la data de 22 februarie 2024.

Tratatul privind Uniunea Europeană (Tratatul de la Maastricht), EUR-Lex, disponibil la: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A11992M%2FTXT>, accesat la data de 1 iunie 2023.

5. Surse online

Adresarea lui Jacques Delors la ceremonia de deschidere a anului academic în cadrul Colegiului Europei din Bruges, 17 octombrie 1989, Europa Documents, Dir. Of publ. Riccardi, Lodovico; REditor Riccardi, Ferdinando, 21.10.1989, nr. 1576, Bruxelles, disponibil la: https://www.cvce.eu/content/publication/2002/12/19/5bbb1452-92c7-474b-a7cf-a2d281898295/publishable_en.pdf, accesat la data de 10 martie 2024.

Angajamentele României la nivel internațional în domeniul de politică de cooperare pentru dezvoltare și asistență umanitară, disponibil la: <https://www.mae.ro/node/1381>, accesat la data de 10 septembrie 2024.

Banca Europeană pentru Reconstrucție și Dezvoltare, *Strategia pentru România*, aprobată de Consiliul Director la ședința din data de 29 aprilie 2008, p. 18, disponibil la:

<https://www.ebrd.com/downloads/about/policies/romaniat0804.pdf>, accesat la data de 20 mai 2024.

Declarația făcută de fostul Ambasador al UE în SUA, David O'Sullivan, disponibilă la: <https://medium.com/euintheus/the-most-successful-peace-project-in-the-history-of-mankind-2db9248b1503>, accesat la data de 2 decembrie 2023.

Direcția Generală pentru Vecinătate și Negocieri de Extindere, Capitolele *acquis*-ului Uniunii Europene, disponibilă la: https://neighbourhood-enlargement.ec.europa.eu/enlargement-policy/conditions-membership/chapters-acquis_en, accesat la data de 10 septembrie 2024.

Dobrescu, Petre, După ce s-a vehiculat că România va fi primită în 2004, Uniunea Europeană ne așteaptă în 2007, Ziarul Libertatea, 2001, disponibil la: <https://www.libertatea.ro/stiri/dupa-ce-s-a-vehiculat-ca-romania-va-fi-primita-in-2004-uniunea-europeana-ne-asteapta-in-2007-34097>, accesat la data de 26 martie 2024.

Efectivele Armatei Române participante la misiuni și operații în afara teritoriului național poate fi urmărită și accesată aici: <https://misiuni.mapn.ro>, consultat la data de 8 septembrie 2024.

EU Neighbours East, *Care este procesul de screening pentru aderarea la UE și cum funcționează?*, disponibil la <https://euneighbourseast.eu/ro/news/publications/care-este-procesul-de-screening-pentru-aderarea-la-ue-si-cum-funcționează/>, accesat la data de 01 mai 2024.

Eu-Western Balkans Summit Thessaloniki, 21 June 2003, disponibil la https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/PRES_03_163, accesat la data de 30 ianuarie 2024.

Euractiv, „*La *acquis*, Romania bate la puncte statele membre UE*”, articol disponibil la <https://www.euractiv.ro/economic/la-acquis-romania-bate-la-puncte-statele-membre-ue-60045>, accesat la data de 10 aprilie 2024.

Intervenția Președintelui în Plenul Parlamentului European, din data de 7 februarie 2024, disponibil la: <https://multimedia.europarl.europa.eu/ro/photo/ep-plenary-session-this-is-europe-debate-with-klaus-iohannis-president-of-romania20240207EP-163732BCUGAR225>, accesat la data de 7 februarie 2024.

Francois Mitterand, French President's New Year address, 31 December 1989, available at: <https://www.ina.fr/ina-eclaire-actu/video/cab90000172/voeux-du-president-de-la-republique>, accesat la data de 23 martie 2024.

Jean-Claude Juncker, *A New Start for Europe: My Agenda for Jobs, Growth, Fairness and Democratic Change*, Political Guidelines for the next Comisia Europeană, Opening Statement in the European Parliament Plenary Session, Strasbourg, 15 July 2014, disponibil la: https://commission.europa.eu/system/files/2019-09/juncker-political-guidelines-speech_en.pdf, accesat la data de 21 ianuarie 2024.

, „La *acquis*, Romania bate la puncte statele membre UE”, articol disponibil la <https://www.euractiv.ro/economic/la-acquis-romania-bate-la-puncte-statele-membre-ue-60045>, accesat la data de 10.04.2024.

Malingre, Virginie, *Elargissement de l'Union européenne : la France et l'Allemagne tentent d'orienter le débat*, in Le Monde, disponibil la https://www.lemonde.fr/international/article/2023/09/19/elargissement-de-l-union-europeenne-la-france-et-l-allemagne-tentent-d-orienter-le-debat_6189953_3210.html, accesat la data de 31.01.2024.

Măsurile restrictive adoptate la nivelul Uniunii sunt disponibile și pot fi accesate la: <https://ancex.ro/produse-cu-dubla-utilizare/masuri-restrictive/>, accesat la data de 9 septembrie 2024.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, Cooperarea pentru dezvoltare și ajutorul umanitar, disponibil la: <https://www.mae.ro/en/node/2073>, accesat la data de 12 septembrie 2024.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, Raportarea asistenței oficiale pentru dezvoltare, disponibil la: <https://www.mae.ro/node/1419>, accesat la data de 12 septembrie 2024.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, România și Procesul de Cooperare din Europa de Sud-Est (SEECP), disponibil la: <https://www.mae.ro/node/1414>, accesat la data de 20 august 2024.

Ministerului Afacerilor Externe, domeniul de referință: Afaceri Europene, Politica Externă și de Securitate Comună, disponibilă la: <https://www.mae.ro/node/46864>, accesat la data de 6 septembrie 2024.

Ministerul Afacerilor Externe, Participarea României la misiunile PSAC, disponibil la: <https://www.mae.ro/node/1884>, accesat la data de 7 septembrie 2024.

Parlamentul European, *Relațiile UE-Turcia: între cooperare și tensiuni*, disponibil la <https://www.europarl.europa.eu/topics/ro/article/20170426STO72401/relatiile-ue-turcia-intre-cooperare-si-tensiuni>, accesat la data de 04.05.2024.

Participarea Președintelui României, domnul Klaus Iohannis, la Reuniunea Consiliului European de la Bruxelles, 21 iunie 2017, disponibil la: <https://www.presidency.ro/ro/media/agenda-presedintelui/participarea-presedintelui-romaniei-domnul-klaus-iohannis-la-reuniunea-consiliului-european-de-la-bruxelles-regatul-belgiei1498044116>, accesat la data de 14 septembrie 2024.

Participarea Președintelui României, domnul Klaus Iohannis, la Reuniunea Consiliului European de la Bruxelles, 21 martie 2018, disponibil la: <https://www.presidency.ro/ro/media/comunicate-de-presa/participarea-presedintelui-romaniei-domnul-klaus-iohannis-la-reuniunea-consiliului-european-bruxelles-regatul-belgiei1521638917>, accesat la data de 14 septembrie 2024.

Participarea Președintelui României, domnul Klaus Iohannis, la Reuniunea informală a Consiliului European și la Summitul UE-Balcanii de Vest din Sodia, 17 mai 2018, disponibil la: <https://www.presidency.ro/ro/media/comunicate-de-presa/participarea-presedintelui-romaniei-domnul-klaus-iohannis-la-reuniunea-informala-a-consiliului-european-si-la-summitul-uniunea-europeana-balcanii-de-vest-sofia-republica-bulgaria1526563204>, accesat la data de 14 septembrie 2024.

Participarea Președintelui României, domnul Klaus Iohannis, la Reuniunea Consiliului European de la Bruxelles, 29 iunie 2018, disponibil la: <https://www.presidency.ro/ro/media/comunicate-de-presa/participarea-presedintelui-romaniei-domnul-klaus-iohannis-la-reuniunea-consiliului-european-bruxelles-regatul-belgiei1530285909>, accesat la data de 14 septembrie 2024.

Participarea Președintelui României, domnul Klaus Iohannis, la Reuniunea Consiliului European de la Bruxelles, 22 martie 2019, disponibil la: <https://www.presidency.ro/ro/media/comunicate-de-presa/participarea-presedintelui-romaniei-domnul-klaus-iohannis-la-reuniunea-consiliului-european-21-22-martie-a-c1553267364>, accesat la data de 14 septembrie 2024.

Participarea Președintelui României, domnul Klaus Iohannis, la Reuniunea Extraordinară a Consiliului European de la Bruxelles, 2 octombrie 2020, disponibil la: <https://www.presidency.ro/ro/media/comunicate-de-presa/participarea-presedintelui-romaniei-domnul-klaus-iohannis-la-reuniunea-extraordinara-a-consiliului-european1601638055>, accesat la data de 14 septembrie 2024.

Pușcaș, Vasile, discurs în cadrul Conferinței 10 ani de la aderarea României la Uniunea Europeană:

De la coeziune la convergență organizate de Banca Națională a României, 26 octombrie 2017, disponibil la: https://bnr.ro/Prezentari-si-interviuri--1332-mobile.aspx?fld_issue_year=2017, accesat la data de 20 mai 2024.

Speech by Mr. Romano Prodi President of the Comisia Europeană on enlargement European Parliament Brussels, 13 October 1999, disponibil la: https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/SPEECH_99_130, accesat la data de 21 aprilie 2024.

Speech by President von der Leyen at the European Parliament Plenary on the conclusions of the Consiliul European meeting of 14-15 December 2023 and preparation of the Special Consiliul European meeting of 1 February 2024, Strasbourg, 2023, disponibil la: https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/speech_24_241, accesat la data de 28 martie 2024.

Statement by Ursula von der Leyen on the 2023 Enlargement Package and the new Growth Plan for the Western Balkans, 2023, disponibil la: https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/statement_23_5641, accesat la data de 23 martie 2024.

Țin, Ilarion, *Ceaușescu, între CAER și Piața Comună*, în ziarul Adevărul, 2013, disponibil la: <https://adevarul.ro/stil-de-viata/cultura/ceausescu-intre-caer-si-piata-comuna-1405580.html>, accesat la data de 9 aprilie 2024.